Aspen Valley Hospital District

Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements

December 31, 2023 and 2022



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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Aspen Valley Hospital District Aspen, Colorado

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities and the fiduciary fund information of Aspen Valley Hospital District (the District) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Aspen Valley Hospital District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the fiduciary fund information of Aspen Valley Hospital District, as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of Aspen Valley Hospital District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Aspen Valley Hospital District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of Aspen Valley Hospital District's internal control. Accordingly, no
 such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Aspen Valley Hospital District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and pension information (collectively, required supplementary information) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Aspen Valley Hospital District's basic financial statements. The statement of budgeted and actual revenues and expenses and the combining financial statements (collectively, supplementary information) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Forvis Mazars, LLP

Wichita, Kansas June 4, 2024

Introduction

As management of Aspen Valley Hospital District (the District), we offer readers of the financial statements this discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the calendar years ended on December 31, 2023 and 2022.

The consolidated financial statements of the District reflect the financial activity of the Aspen Valley Hospital, Aspen Valley Hospital Clinics, PLLC, Midvalley Imaging Center, LLC (MIC) and Aspen Valley Hospital Foundation. Please see *Note 1* in the Notes to the Financial Statements for a complete explanation of these entities' association.

We encourage readers to consider this discussion and analysis in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- Cash and investments decreased in 2023 by \$5,017,270, decreased in 2022 by \$12,689,408, and decreased in 2021 by \$1,273,773, or 6.3%, 13.7% and 1.4%, respectively.
- The District's net position decreased in 2023 by \$457,178 and increased in 2022 and 2021 by \$18,717,999 and \$14,805,445 respectively.
- The District reported an operating loss in 2023 of \$12,956,818 and operating gains in both 2022 and 2021 of \$5,963,982 and \$1,285,756 respectively. The operating loss in 2023 increased by \$18,920,800 or 317.3% over the operating gain in 2022. The operating gain in 2022 increased by \$4,678,226 or 363.9% over the operating gain reported in 2021.
- Net nonoperating revenues decreased by \$133,510 or 1.3% in 2023 and decreased by \$434,287 or 4.1% in 2022.

Using This Annual Report

The District's financial statements are comprised of the following four components, in addition to other required supplementary information and other supplementary information:

- Balance Sheets: provides information about the District's assets and liabilities and reflect the District's financial position as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.
- Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position: reports the cumulative activity of providing health care services and the expenses related to such activity for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.
- Statements of Cash Flows: outlines the cash inflows and outflows related to the activity of providing health care services for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.
- Notes to the Financial Statements: provide explanation and clarification on specific items within the previously mentioned financial statements.

The District's financial statements have been prepared based on the accrual basis of accounting using the economic resources measurement focus.

The Balance Sheets

The District's total assets and deferred outflows of resources at the end of 2023 were \$268,206,050 compared to \$280,206,395 for 2022 and \$271,773,555 for 2021. The District's net position decreased in 2023 and increased in 2022 and 2021.

2020	2022	2021
\$ 74,658,624	\$ 79,675,894	\$ 92,365,302
		14,594,920
		14,269,655
		127,140,814
	, ,	5,004,955
		3,269,711
		4,944,830
5,865,641		4,863,025
	4,529,069	2,143,102
260,195,615	278,595,725	268,596,314
8,010,435	1,610,670	3,177,241
\$ 268,206,050	\$ 280,206,395	\$ 271,773,555
\$ 32,657,343	\$ 36,966,827	\$ 40,944,300
3,177,274	3,915,448	4,230,537
3,301,283	-	-
26,705,874	25,987,819	32,537,799
65,841,774	66,870,094	77,712,636
4,358,487	14,873,334	14,315,951
81,936,949	85.598.051	80,567,542
		10,509,152
94,838,154	96,186,680	88,668,274
198,005,789	198,462,967	179,744,968
\$ 268,206,050	\$ 280,206,395	\$ 271,773,555
	23,100,324 12,342,149 121,481,993 3,913,539 5,159,157 13,674,188 5,865,641 	\$ 74,658,624 23,100,324 23,825,983 12,342,149 14,933,804 121,481,993 4,519,128 5,159,157 3,978,149 13,674,188 10,384,619 5,865,641 7,282,748 4,529,069 260,195,615 278,595,725 8,010,435 1,610,670 \$ 268,206,050 \$ 280,206,395 \$ 32,657,343 3,177,274 3,915,448 3,301,283 26,705,874 25,987,819 65,841,774 66,870,094 4,358,487 14,873,334 81,936,949 21,230,686 94,838,154 96,186,680 198,005,789 198,462,967

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

At the end of 2023, the District had \$265,067,285 invested in capital assets, gross of total accumulated depreciation of \$143,585,292, as detailed in *Note 5* to the financial statements. During 2023, the District began offering orthopedic spinal surgical services and it invested in the acquisition of a Globus Excelsius GPS surgical robot which ensures surgical precision in very complex spinal surgeries. The District also invested in a da Vinci Xi surgical robot which has become the standard of care for minimally invasive abdominal surgeries. Lastly, during 2023, the District initiated the expansion of the Aspen Primary Care Clinic. In 2022, the District had \$256,291,369 invested in capital assets, gross of total accumulated depreciation of \$126,825,038. During this same year, the District implemented a new Electronic Health Record system, Epic, while it also expanded its Primary Care Clinic located in the hospital campus and upgraded other areas of the facility. In 2021, the District had \$240,904,994 invested in capital assets, gross of total accumulated depreciation of \$113,764,180. During that same year, the District expended \$12,244,495 on capital additions, adding a fourth operating room and other facilities upgrades.

Outstanding Debt Securities

On September 2, 2020, the District refunded its Taxable General Obligation Direct Pay Build America Bonds – Series 2010B in the amount of \$31,180,000, through the issuance of its General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2020 in the amount of \$26,125,000. This refunding generated savings for our community of \$4,993,835 over the remaining life of the bonds. As discussed below, on November 2, 2010, the electors of the District approved increased ad valorem property taxes to pay debt service on these bonds as they constitute general obligations of the District. The proceeds from the bonds were used to refund the Taxable General Obligation Direct Pay Build America Bonds – Series 2010B and to pay expenses related to the issuance of the bonds.

On August 11, 2016, the District refunded its Revenue Bonds – Series 2007 in the amount of \$9,071,742, through the issuance of its Refunding Note – Series 2016 in the amount of \$9,015,000. The proceeds from the bonds were used to refund the Revenue Bonds – Series 2007, to fund the Reserve Fund for the Refunding Note – Series 2016 and to pay expenses related to the issuance of the Note.

On August 28, 2012, the District refunded its Variable Rate Demand Revenue Bonds – Series 2003 (which included an irrevocable letter of credit), in the amount of \$11,715,000, through the issuance of its Refunding Revenue Bonds – Series 2012 in the amount of \$10,040,000. The proceeds from the bonds were used to refund Variable Rate Demand Revenue Bonds – Series 2003 to fund the Reserve Fund for the Refunding Revenue Bonds – Series 2012 and to pay expenses related to the issuance of the bonds.

At the November 2, 2010 election, the electors of the District approved the issuance of general obligation bonds to be held by the District in an amount not to exceed \$50,000,000, with a total repayment cost not to exceed \$86,850,000 and a maximum annual repayment cost not to exceed \$4,363,000. The electors also approved increased ad valorem property taxes to pay debt service on such bonds, provided that the annual amount of such taxes do not exceed \$4,363,000. As a result of the favorable election, on December 15, 2010, the District issued two General Obligation Bonds: Series 2010A Tax-Exempt General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$12,045,000 and Series 2010B Taxable General Obligation Direct Pay Build America Bonds in the amount of \$37,955,000. The bonds constitute general obligations of the District. As approved in the election, all of the taxable property located in the District is subject to the levy of the ad valorem tax to pay the principal and interest on the bonds, without limitation as to rate and in an amount sufficient to pay the bonds when due. The bonds were issued in order to finance the modernization and expansion of the District's facility to meet contemporary standards for treatment and technology, enhancing the quality, safety and privacy of patient care and rightsizing and reconfiguring of the facility to meet the present and future health care needs of the community. The District's Master Facility Plan Phase II Expansion and Renovation Project was approved by the City of Aspen on July 12, 2010, and construction began during the month of December 2010 and was completed during 2015. The District commenced construction of the third phase of the Master Facilities Plan in April of 2015 and completed it at the end of 2017. The third phase of the Master Facilities Plan was funded from both cash reserves and philanthropy. The District will commence construction on its fourth and final phase of the Master Facilities Plan in April 2024 as all the philanthropic funds needed to fund this last phase were raised through the completion of the \$60 million capital campaign achieved in January 2024. The completion date for Phase Four is expected to be May 2025.

The Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The District classifies revenues as operating and nonoperating revenues. Operating revenues consist of net patient service revenues and other operating revenues. Net patient service revenues result from direct patient care while other operating revenues consist primarily of cafeteria sales, Aspen Ambulance District fees for the management of their operations, rents at the assisted living facility, Whitcomb Terrace and employee housing units. Nonoperating revenues are comprised of ad valorem taxes, investment income, noncapital contributions and gain on sale of capital assets, provider relief funds (*CARES Act*) and other COVID-19 funds. Similarly, the District classifies expenses as either operating or nonoperating. Operating expenses consist of labor costs, supplies and other, depreciation and amortization. Nonoperating expenses are comprised of interest expense, community assistance programs and change in equity interests.

	2023	2022	2021
Operating Revenues	ф 40E 00C E04	Ф 400 064 00 7	Ф 407 OC7 OE0
Net patient service revenue Other	\$ 135,336,504	\$ 129,864,987	\$ 107,267,959
Other	5,421,865	5,388,277	3,226,855
Total operating revenues	140,758,369	135,253,264	110,494,814
Operating Expenses			
Salaries and wages	47,420,336	42,770,600	40,479,499
Contract labor	13,213,188	11,500,313	4,024,364
Supplies and other	73,829,316	60,298,807	51,080,823
Depreciation	18,092,043	13,567,396	11,999,681
Amortization	1,160,304	1,152,166	1,624,691
Total operating expenses	153,715,187	129,289,282	109,209,058
Operating Gain (Loss)	(12,956,818)	5,963,982	1,285,756
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			
Ad valorem taxes	8,430,792	8,527,027	7,692,068
Investment income	2,487,532	423,193	370,030
Interest expense	(1,091,413)	(1,162,896)	(1,142,693)
Community assistance programs	(455,496)	(431,916)	(462,835)
Noncapital contributions	2,365,596	2,832,526	1,467,141
Change in equity interests	(1,802,399)	(119,617)	(737,634)
Gain on sale of capital assets	35,207	35,012	12,749
Provider Relief Funds (CARES Act) and other			
COVID-19 funding			3,338,790
Total nonoperating revenues	9,969,819	10,103,329	10,537,616
Excess of Revenues Over Expenses Before Capital Contributions and Provision (Credit)			
for Uncollectible Capital Contributions	(2,986,999)	16,067,311	11,823,372
Capital contributions	3,557,407	2,450,864	4,276,521
Provision (credit) for uncollectible capital contributions	(1,027,586)	199,824	(1,294,448)
Change in Net Position	(457,178)	18,717,999	14,805,445
Net Position, Beginning of Year	198,462,967	179,744,968	164,939,523
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 198,005,789	\$ 198,462,967	\$ 179,744,968

Patient Service Revenues and Nonoperating Revenues

The District's net patient service revenues in 2023 reflect a 4.2% increase resulting from a 10.8% increase in patient census (10.8% increase in daily census and 7.5% increase in length of stay), a 28.4% increase in inpatient surgeries and a 5.4% increase in emergency room visits. The 2022 year reflects a 21.1% increase as a result of multiple factors including a 12.2% increase in surgeries (23.1% inpatient and 11.1% outpatient), a 12.7% increase in clinic visits and a 6.9% increase in emergency room visits. In 2021, The District's net patient service revenues reflect a 15.1% increase as a result of the 39.5% growth in orthopedic related activity stemming from a new partnership with The Steadman Clinic and the dissolution of our previously employed orthopedic group, OrthoAspen, effective December 1, 2020; the expansion of our primary care and specialty clinics; and rebounding tourism over the summer and fall; and immigration into the Aspen area. These factors more than off-set the significantly decreased activity levels during the 2021 ski season (January through April) that was greatly impacted by continuing COVID-19 restrictions. Net patient revenues were impacted favorably in 2023 and 2022 by the annual price increases of 6.0% and 5.0% respectively, along with increases in clinic revenues from our primary care clinic and the expanded hours of the After-Hours Clinic and the Snowmass Clinic. These clinics generated net revenues of \$3,438,248, \$2,921,938 and \$2,557,168 the years 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The District's outpatient service revenues continue to exceed the inpatient service revenues, with 84.7% of the District's 2023 patient service revenue generated by outpatient services, compared to 88.7% in 2022 and 87.4% in 2021. The significant shift to outpatient revenues is primarily the result of the increased demand for orthopedic services from The Steadman Clinic, along with increased activity noted above. The departments contributing most to outpatient revenues during these years were Outpatient Surgeries, Emergency Room, Laboratory, Diagnostic Imaging and Outpatient Clinics.

The payer mix for the District has changed somewhat compared to prior years' experience. The largest portion of the District's patient service revenues continues to be derived from commercial plans, 50.1% during 2023, 54.1% during 2022 and 52.9% during 2021. In addition, the District derived 38.1% of gross revenues from Medicare in 2023 compared to 33.6% in 2022 and 33.2% during 2021. Payments for services rendered to patients under these programs are less than billed charges; therefore, the District estimates a provision for contractual adjustments to reduce the total charges to estimated receipts, based upon contractual arrangements. Due to the complicated nature of the contracts and the government programs, the actual payments received could differ from the estimates.

Notable changes in nonoperating revenues over the past three years resulted from the receipt of investment income, Provider Relief Funds through the *CARES Act* and other sources along with noncapital contributions.

Operating and Nonoperating Expenses

In 2023, operating expenses increased by \$24,425,905 due to multiple factors: the continued increased costs of labor due to the need to hire agency staff to fill vacancies created by employed staff that moved away to take on traveling positions with significantly higher wages (a trend that began in 2022), the increase in permanent staffing wages to maintain recruitment and retention, the recruitment of a new spine surgeon to our valley, the planned support of our new Electronic Health Record, Epic, the increase in employee benefits driven by high cost catastrophic claims and lastly, the overall inflationary pressures. During 2022, operating expenses increased by \$20,080,224 mainly as a result of the before mentioned increased costs of labor due to agency staff utilization, the increase in supply costs due to the national supply chain challenges and shortages and lastly, other inflationary pressures. In 2021, operating expenses decreased \$1,778,853 mainly as a result of the transition of our employed orthopedic practice, OrthoAspen, to The Steadman Clinic.

During 2023, nonoperating expenses increased primarily due to the change in equity interests from our Mid-Valley Imaging Center and the Steadman Philippon Surgery Center. In 2022, nonoperating expenses decreased due to the community assistance programs requiring a smaller subsidy than in 2021 and also from not having any changes in equity interests during the year. In 2021 nonoperating expenses decreased as a result of incurring less interest expense as not issuing or refinancing debt.

The capital contributions and pledges during 2023 were higher than in 2022 due to the completion of the Aspen Valley Hospital Foundation \$60 million Capital Campaign for the Master Facilities Plan and a multi-year large donation for our on-call rooms construction project. The provision for uncollectible pledges reflects the discounting or our multi-year pledges along with reserves for all outstanding pledges. As a result, the provision increased by \$1,227,410 in 2023 compared to 2022. In 2022, the Foundation received a larger amount of pledge payments than new multi-year pledges. This resulted in a decrease in the provision of \$1,494,272 in 2022 compared to 2021.

Provision for Uncollectible Accounts & Charity Care

The collection of receivables from third-party payers and patients is the District's primary source of cash and is, therefore, critical to the District's operating performance. The primary collection risks are related to patients' payment portions (deductibles and copayments) not covered by their primary insurance. The District estimates the allowance for uncollectible accounts based primarily upon the age of patient accounts receivable and the effectiveness of the District's third-party payer collection efforts. Significant changes in payer mix, District operations, economic conditions, and trends in federal and state governmental health care coverage affect the District's collection of patient accounts receivable, cash flows and results of operations.

In 2023, the District reported a provision for uncollectible accounts of \$4,847,114, compared to \$5,136,818 for 2022 and \$3,694,020 for 2021. The District's low write-off percentage from gross revenues of 2.4% for 2023 and 2.6% for 2022 and 2.2% for 2021 is a result of a combination of continued outsourcing success through MedAssist (a division of Firstsource Solutions) located in Belleville, Illinois and the District's robust financial assistance program. The District's estimate for allowance for uncollectible accounts is based on MedAssist's analysis, recommendations for modification and implementation of improved billing and collection processes. The provision for uncollectible accounts is included in net patient service revenue.

Patient accounts written-off as charity and indigent care are included in net patient service revenue. Charity and indigent care write-offs for 2023 were \$2,033,371 or 1.0% of gross patient service revenues, compared to \$1,429,021 or 0.7% of gross patient service revenue during 2022 and \$2,265,699 or 1.4% of gross patient service revenue for 2021. The stabilization in the amount of indigent care over the past years was due to the fact that the State of Colorado was a Medicaid expansion State under the *Affordable Care Act* and consequently, many of the patients who were previously uninsured patients received coverage through Medicaid. In January 2020, the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services declared a Public Health Emergency in response to the Coronavirus pandemic which led to Congress passing legislation that ensured continuous coverage for anyone enrolled in Medicaid (regardless of continued eligibility) for the duration of the Public Health Emergency. The Public Health Emergency ended in May 2023 and the District expects an increase in the amounts written-off as charity and indigent care in 2024 due to the redetermination of eligibility for Medicaid participants that will result in coverage lapses.

The District's Change in Net Position

The District's change in net position decreased in 2023 by \$457,178 or 0.2% over the prior year. In 2022 it increased by \$18,717,999 or 10.4% over 2021 and it increased by \$14,805,445 or 9.0% in 2021.

The Statement of Cash Flows

The Statement of cash flows report cash receipts, cash payments and net changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from four defined types of activities: operating, noncapital financing, capital and related financing and investing activities.

Changes in the District's cash flows are consistent with changes in operating gains (losses) and nonoperating revenues and expenses for 2023, 2022 and 2021, discussed earlier.

Budgetary Highlights

The District is responsible for funding expenses from cash generated through its operations and from the ad valorem taxes received during the calendar year. The District prepares a budget to reflect the expected revenues and expenses generated through its operations. Annual budgets are adopted as required by Colorado statutes. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year. Budgets are adopted on a basis that is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

The District's Board of Directors approved the 2024 and 2023 budgets during the last quarter of the 2023 and 2022 calendar years, respectively. There were no amendments made to the original budgets presented to the State of Colorado for the calendar years 2023 and 2022.

During 2023, net patient service revenue was \$32,822,723 (32.0%) higher than budget and operating expenses were \$17,922,436 (13.4%) higher than budget. The increase in revenues since 2021 resulted from the change in our orthopedic group from our employed physicians to the world-renowned physicians of The Steadman Clinic, effective December 1, 2020, and the demand for their services. The increase in expenses during 2023 resulted primarily from the increased costs of agency staffing to fill vacancies, increases in demand related to supplies and implants used in orthopedic surgical cases and the new spine service line and the increase in employee benefits driven by high cost catastrophic claims. During 2022, net patient service revenue was \$30,709,214 (31.0%) higher than budget as explained above, while operating expenses were \$8,510,502 (7.1%) higher than budget due to the increase in costs or agency staffing and demand related to supplies and implants used in orthopedic surgical cases.

Please see Supplementary Information for the statement of budgeted and actual revenues and expenses for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

During 2023, the District continued to experience changes in its payer mix resulting in commercial insurance representing 50.1% of gross patient revenues compared to 54.1% in 2022 and 52.9% in 2021. Medicare revenues were 38.1% of gross patient revenues in 2023 and 33.6% of gross revenues in 2022 and 33.2% in 2021. Revenues related to indigent care have remained stable over the past 3 years with a slight increase in 2023 representing 1.0% of gross patient revenues, 0.7% of gross patient revenues in 2022 and 1.4% of gross patient revenues in 2021. The stabilization in the amount of indigent care over the past few years was due to the fact that the State of Colorado is a Medicaid expansion State under the Affordable Care Act. Consequently, many of the patients who were previously uninsured patients were still covered under Medicaid. In January 2020, the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services declared a Public Health Emergency in response to the Coronavirus pandemic. Congress then passed legislation that ensured continuous coverage for anyone enrolled in Medicaid for the duration of the Public Health Emergency which ended in May 2023. This means that in our State, many of the previously covered patients will lose their coverage based on a redetermination of eligibility. Additionally, the Colorado Hospital Discounted Care legislation, which became effective on September 1, 2022, limits Colorado hospitals' ability to collect for services provided to patients who meet the statutory criteria of household incomes that are less than 250.0% of the Federal Poverty Level. The reimbursement from these programs is lower than Medicaid and as a result, the District expects to continue to see an increase in amounts written-off as charity and indigent care in 2024. The Medicaid revenues as a percentage of gross patient service revenues for 2023 totaled 6.4% compared to 2022 at 6.5% of gross patient service revenues and 2021 at 7.5%. During 2023, the District experienced an 18.9% increase in operating expenses resulting from the continued increase in costs of labor due to the high utilization of agency staffing at a much higher rate of compensation than regularly employed staff which began in 2022, the offering of our new orthopedic spine surgical service line, commensurate increased surgical supply and implant demand with higher surgical volumes, and our first full year of depreciation related to the implementation of our new Electronic Health Record, Epic. During 2022, the District experienced an 18.4% increase in operating expenses resulting from mainly the unexpected increase in agency staffing utilization due to the large number of vacancies from employees leaving to work as travelers at much higher rates of compensation, an increase in costs of supplies due to national supply chain challenges and inflationary

Aspen Valley Hospital District Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

pressures, increased surgical supply and implant utilization associated with increased orthopedic surgical volumes, and the depreciation related to the implementation of our new Electronic Health Record, Epic, which went live on October 1, 2022. During 2021, the District saw a 1.6% decrease in operating expenses resulting from the restructuring of its owned orthopedic clinic, OrthoAspen, which resulted in the District contracting with The Steadman Clinic to take care of the orthopedic needs of its patients.

In an effort to continue to expand access to quality health care services for the entire community, the District continues to offer telemedicine visits to patients and has maintained its expanded clinic hours implemented in 2019. Additionally, the District continued to extend price concessions to local self-funded employers and commercial payers with products available to local insureds.

The District continues to outsource its billing office to MedAssist. This arrangement continues to result in the extraordinary management of accounts receivable and resulting cash collections. With the implementation of Epic as our new Electronic Health Record on October 1, 2022, AVH continued to experience increased net days in accounts receivable as of the end of the year, which totaled 62 days compared to years before this implementation. Due to the young nature of the accounts receivable, the District is not concerned regarding this increase in days. Historically, the District's net days in patient accounts receivable for the three years prior to the implementation averaged 49 days.

Four of the largest self-insured employers in Aspen, Colorado, joined together in 2012 to form the Valley Health Alliance (Alliance). Today, this group has expanded throughout the valley and beyond, and now it is comprised of six self-funded employers representing 7,000 insured lives. The Alliance has as its objective, the development of programs and protocols that will lower healthcare costs through population health management while improving the access to quality healthcare. During 2020, the Alliance was successful in partnering with an insurance company to create lower premium insurance plan offerings in the Roaring Fork Valley for individual members through the Connect for Health Colorado exchange, therefore serving its vision to lower the costs of healthcare in our community. In 2023, one of the products created by the Alliance continued to offer lower premium costs to the community as compared to the only option previously available on the exchange for the third consecutive year following its introduction in 2021.

During our Strategic Planning Session held in August 2023, the District's management presented a 5-year Financial Plan developed with the assistance of the healthcare consulting group Kaufman Hall, to the District's Board of Directors, which defines the financial goals for the District over the next 5 years. This plan became our basis for developing the District's 2024 budget, which resulted in gross patient service revenues for 2024 being budgeted to increase by approximately 9% over 2023, generating an anticipated net loss after contributions for 2024 of \$5.9 million, and a cash margin of 6% as required by our new Financial Plan. After expending cash reserves in accordance with the 2024 capital budget, including finalizing construction of the last phase of the Master Facilities Plan, Phase 4, expanding the employee housing units for on-call staff and allowing for the expansion of our midvalley primary care clinic, the District is estimated to have 182 days of cash on hand at the end of 2024 (with a starting position of 198 days).

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This management discussion and analysis report is designed to provide interested parties with a general overview of the District's financial activity and to demonstrate the District's accountability for its management of the District's finances. Questions about this report should be directed to Ginette Sebenaler, Aspen Valley Hospital District's Chief Financial Officer, at 0401 Castle Creek Road, Aspen, Colorado 81611.

		2023		2022
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	74,658,624	\$	79,675,894
Patient accounts receivable, net of allowance;	*	,000,02 .	•	. 0,0. 0,00 .
2023 - \$1,519,048, 2022 - \$1,176,325		23,100,324		23,825,983
Estimated amounts due from third-party payers		4,332,156		374,422
Property tax levy receivable		· · ·		8,539,513
Other receivables		2,322,460		988,452
Leases receivable		365,631		414,686
Inventories		3,499,530		3,004,799
Prepaid expenses		1,822,372		1,611,932
Total current assets		110,101,097		118,435,681
Noncurrent Cash and Investments				
Restricted by donors for capital acquisitions		13,674,188		10,384,619
Restricted by donors for specific operating activities		77,186		85,515
Contributions receivable, net		5,159,157		3,978,149
Held by trustee for debt service		2,320,155		2,229,953
		21,230,686		16,678,236
Capital Assets, Net		121,481,993		129,466,331
Lease Assets, Net		3,913,539		4,519,128
Other Assets				
Equity interests in joint ventures		1,946,364		3,098,763
Leases receivable		1,016,405		1,382,036
Net pension asset		-		4,529,069
Other		505,531		486,481
		3,468,300		9,496,349
Total assets		260,195,615		278,595,725
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Pensions		7,746,008		1,262,972
Unamortized loss on refunding's of prior bond issuances		264,427		347,698
	,	8,010,435		1,610,670
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	268,206,050	\$	280,206,395

	2023	2022
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position		
Current Liabilities		
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 6,125,027	\$ 5,977,882
Current portion of lease liabilities	1,156,893	964,655
Accounts payable	7,059,408	8,843,170
Accrued salaries, benefits and payroll taxes	4,336,983	3,828,222
Other accrued liabilities	2,866,241	2,192,054
Estimated amounts due to third-party payers	5,161,322	4,059,979
Advance from Medicare		51,857
Total current liabilities	26,705,874	25,917,819
Long-term Debt		
Bonds payable	29,686,570	33,726,953
Financed capital purchases	2,970,773	3,239,874
	32,657,343	36,966,827
Long-term Liabilities		
Contributions payable	-	70,000
Lease liabilities	3,177,274	3,915,448
Net pension liability	3,301,283	·
	6,478,557	3,985,448
Total liabilities	65,841,774	66,870,094
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Leases	1,324,425	1,747,134
Deferred property tax levy	-	8,539,513
Pensions	3,034,062	4,586,687
Total deferred inflows of resources	4,358,487	14,873,334
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	81,936,949	85,598,051
Restricted - expendable for		
Debt service	2,320,155	2,229,953
Capital acquisitions	18,833,345	14,362,768
Specific operating activities	77,186	85,515
Unrestricted	94,838,154	96,186,680
Total net position	198,005,789	198,462,967
Total liabilities, deferred inflows		
of resources and net position	\$ 268,206,050	\$ 280,206,395

Aspen Valley Hospital District Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
Operating Revenues	.	
Net patient service revenue	\$ 135,336,504	\$ 129,864,987
Other	5,421,865	5,388,277
Total operating revenues	140,758,369	135,253,264
Operating Expenses		
Salaries and wages	47,420,336	42,770,600
Contract labor	13,213,188	11,500,313
Supplies and other	73,829,316	60,298,807
Depreciation	18,092,043	13,567,396
Amortization	1,160,304	1,152,166
Total operating expenses	153,715,187	129,289,282
Operating Income (Loss)	(12,956,818)	5,963,982
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Ad valorem taxes	8,430,792	8,527,027
Investment income	2,487,532	423,193
Interest expense	(1,091,413)	(1,162,896)
Community assistance programs	(455,496)	(431,916)
Noncapital contributions	2,365,596	2,832,526
Change in equity interests in joint ventures	(1,802,399)	(119,617)
Gain on sale of capital assets	35,207	35,012
Total nonoperating revenues	9,969,819	10,103,329
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenses		
Before Capital Contributions and Provision		
(Credit) for Uncollectible Capital Contributions	(2,986,999)	16,067,311
Capital contributions	3,557,407	2,450,864
Provision (credit) for uncollectible capital contributions	(1,027,586)	199,824
Change in Net Position	(457,178)	18,717,999
Net Position, Beginning of Year	198,462,967	179,744,968
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 198,005,789	\$ 198,462,967

	2023	2022
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Receipts from and on behalf of patients Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Other receipts, net	\$ 133,198,874 (89,440,732) (47,116,884) 4,121,428	\$ 109,347,881 (68,852,567) (42,599,571) 5,238,490
Net cash provided by operating activities	762,686	3,134,233
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities Ad valorem taxes Community assistance programs Noncapital contributions Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	5,391,359 (420,329) 2,365,596 7,336,626	5,441,286 (361,166) 2,832,526 7,912,646
	7,330,020	1,912,040
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities Ad valorem taxes Purchases of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets Principal payments on long-term debt Interest payments on long-term debt Principal payments received on leases receivable Interest payments received on leases receivable Principal paid on leases payable Interest paid on leases payable Capital contributions Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	2,997,459 (8,195,562) 48,564 (5,209,259) (1,677,191) 414,686 46,875 (1,100,651) (256,406) 1,348,813 (11,582,672)	3,082,995 (13,893,367) 35,875 (4,687,577) (1,870,523) 398,449 59,076 (1,097,556) (218,456) 1,942,250 (16,248,834)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities Proceeds from sale of investments Investment income Purchase of equity interests in joint ventures Net cash provided by investing activities	2,487,532 (650,000) 1,837,532	9,696,873 423,193 (2,450,000) 7,670,066
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(1,645,828)	2,468,111
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	92,375,981	89,907,870
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 90,730,153	\$ 92,375,981

See Notes to Financial Statements 15

Aspen Valley Hospital District Statements of Cash Flows (Continued) Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

		2022		2022
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	2023		2022
to the Balance Sheets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	74,658,624	\$	79,675,894
Restricted by donors for capital acquisitions	•	13,674,188	*	10,384,619
Restricted by donors for specific operating activities		77,186		85,515
Held by trustee for debt service		2,320,155		2,229,953
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	90,730,153	\$	92,375,981
Reconciliation of Operating Income to				
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities				
Operating income (loss)	\$	(12,956,818)	\$	5,963,982
Depreciation		18,092,043		13,567,396
Amortization		1,160,304		1,152,166
Provision for uncollectible accounts		4,847,114		5,136,818
Change in operating assets and liabilities		(4.404.455)		(44.007.004)
Patient accounts receivable		(4,121,455)		(14,367,881)
Other receivables		(1,292,034)		(73,747)
Inventories Prepaid expenses		(494,731)		(218,208)
Other assets		(210,440) (19,050)		(59,503) (55,900)
Accounts payable		(1,888,929)		3,541,981
Accrued salaries, benefits and payroll taxes		508,761		473,265
Other accrued liabilities		674,187		94,392
Estimated amounts due from and to		074,107		94,592
third-party payers		(2,908,248)		(11,295,243)
Deferred inflows of resources - leases		(422,709)		(423,049)
Net pension asset/liability		(205,309)		(302,236)
·		,	_	· ·
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	762,686	\$	3,134,233
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities				
Long-term debt incurred for purchase of capital assets	\$	1,925,500	\$	2,000,409
Lease obligation incurred for lease assets	\$	554,715	\$	666,339
Additions to leases receivable	\$	-	\$	462,456
Amortization of loss on refunding	\$	83,271	\$	95,720
Amortization of bond premiums	\$	878,580	\$	962,727
Change in equity interests in joint ventures	\$	(1,610,537)	\$	(406,086)

See Notes to Financial Statements 16

Aspen Valley Hospital District Statements of Fiduciary Net Position December 31, 2023 and 2022

	 2023	2022
Assets		
Investments		
Large U.S. equity	\$ 10,259,618	\$ 8,888,605
Small/Mid U.S. equity	1,838,627	1,567,384
International equity	5,178,164	4,567,119
Fixed income	12,466,177	11,528,568
Other	 2,287,330	 2,382,893
Total investments	 32,029,916	28,934,569
Total assets	 32,029,916	 28,934,569
Net Position Restricted for Pensions	\$ 32,029,916	\$ 28,934,569

Aspen Valley Hospital District Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
Additions		
Contributions:		
Employer	\$ 2,081,124	\$ 584,991
Total contributions	2,081,124	 584,991
Investment income:		
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	3,793,161	(5,045,853)
Less investment expense	 (16,226)	 (17,008)
Net income (loss) from investments	3,776,935	(5,062,861)
Total additions	5,858,059	(4,477,870)
Deductions		
Benefit payments	2,632,097	2,813,438
Administrative expense	 130,615	132,571
Total deductions	 2,762,712	 2,946,009
Net increase (decrease) in net position	 3,095,347	 (7,423,879)
Net Position Restricted for Pensions		
Beginning of year	28,934,569	36,358,448
End of year	\$ 32,029,916	\$ 28,934,569

Note 1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations and Reporting Entity

Aspen Valley Hospital District (District), a political subdivision of the State of Colorado, operates the Aspen Valley Hospital (Hospital), a 25-bed acute care facility that is designated by Medicare as a critical access hospital (CAH) located in Aspen, Colorado; Whitcomb Terrace, an assisted living facility; Mountain Oaks, Beaumont Lodge and Castle Creek Meadows, all employee housing complexes. The District is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of five members elected by the residents of the District. The District is not a component unit of another governmental entity.

Aspen Valley Hospital District Clinics, PLLC d/b/a Aspen Valley Hospital Center for Medical Care (ACMC), is a legally separate component unit of the District. ACMC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the District and the District is the sole member of ACMC. As a wholly-owned subsidiary of the District, the governance of ACMC is vested in the District's Board of Directors. ACMC is organized and operated exclusively for providing medical care to patients. The exclusive purposes and objectives of ACMC is the promotion and enhancement of the health care and related services available to residents of and visitors to the Roaring Fork Valley in the State of Colorado. All of the net earnings of ACMC inure to the benefit of the District. ACMC is considered a component unit of the District and is presented in the District's financial statements using the blending method. Separate financial statements of ACMC are not available.

Mid-Valley Imaging Center, LLC (MIC) has been organized as a Colorado limited liability company to operate one or more imaging centers in Basalt, Colorado, and the surrounding area. The District has 100% ownership interest in MIC. The Governing Body is comprised of five members. Such five members shall be described as follows: Hospital Chairperson of the Board of Directors, Hospital Director, Hospital Chief Executive Officer, Hospital Chief Financial Officer and a Medical Director of MIC as appointed by the Governing Body. The purpose of the District's interest in MIC is to further enhance the services provided by the District. The MIC is considered a component unit of the District and is presented in the District's financial statements using the blending presentation method. Separate financial statements of MIC are not available.

Aspen Valley Hospital Foundation (Foundation) is a legally separate, tax-exempt component unit of the District. The Foundation's primary function is to raise and hold funds to support the District and its programs. The District is the sole corporate member of the Foundation and its bylaws grant control to the District through the establishment of a seven-member Executive Committee with majority voting members being comprised of the District's Officers and Board Members. The Executive Committee exercises total effective control over the affairs of the Foundation and exercises full powers of the Foundation's Board when convened outside of Board Meetings. Any amendments to the bylaws, must be approved by the District. The board of the Foundation is appointed by the District and has a minimum of three Directors; two of which are District Board of Directors members and one is the Hospital's Chief Executive Officer. Any other Directors beyond these three are not appointed by the District, but rather a Nominating Committee. The Treasurer of the Foundation is the Chief Financial Officer of the District. Although the District does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundation, the majority of the Foundation's resources and related income are restricted by donors for the benefit of the District. Because these restricted resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the District, the Foundation is considered a component unit of the District and is presented in the District's financial statements using the blending method. Separate financial statements of the Foundation are not available.

Mid-Valley Healthcare Solutions, LLC (MVHCS) has been organized as a Colorado limited liability company in 2020. The District is the sole member of MVHCS. The Governing Body is comprised of five members. Such five members shall be described as follows: Hospital Chairperson of the Board of Directors, Hospital Director, Hospital Chief Executive Officer, Hospital Chief Financial Officer and Hospital Chief Medical Officer. The purpose of MVHSC is to hold a 25% equity investment in Basalt Orthopedic Surgery Center, LLC (BOSC). The other 75%

equity interest holders are Vail Health Services, Orthopedic Care Partners Management, LLC and The Steadman Clinic, which each have an equal 25% equity interest. MVHCS meets the definition of an investment as defined in GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, and thus the equity interest is reported as equity interest in joint venture in the accompanying balance sheets and measured using the equity method of accounting. MVHCS is not considered to be a component unit of the District in accordance with GASB Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests. Separate financial statements of MVHCS are not available.

Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The financial statements of the District have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting using the economic resources measurement focus. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows of resources from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange transaction takes place, while those from government-mandated or voluntary nonexchange transactions (principally federal and state grants and county appropriations) are recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements are met. Operating revenues and expenses include exchange transactions and program-specific, government-mandated or voluntary nonexchange transactions. Government-mandated or voluntary nonexchange transactions that are not program specific such as county appropriations, ad valorem taxes, investment income and interest on capital assets-related debt are included in nonoperating revenues and expenses. The District first applies restricted net position when an expense or outlay is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available.

The District's government-wide financial statements (balance sheets and statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and statements of cash flows) are comprised of an enterprise fund and blended component units that use proprietary fund reporting. The only other fund of the District is a fiduciary fund (employee retirement fund) that is excluded from the government-wide financial statements and is presented separately as fund financial statements. The District utilizes the proprietary fund method of accounting whereby revenue and expenses are recognized on the accrual basis using the economic resources measurement focus.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash Equivalents

The District considers all liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. At December 31, 2023 and 2022, cash equivalents consisted primarily of money market accounts with financial institutions.

Investments, Equity Interests and Investment Income

Investments in money market investments (U.S. Treasury agency and instrumentality obligations with a remaining maturity of one year or less at time of acquisition) and in nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are carried at amortized cost. The equity interest in MVHCS is reported using the equity method of accounting. All other investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is determined using quoted market prices.

Investment income consists predominantly of interest income.

Noncurrent cash and investments are assets restricted by donors for capital acquisitions, restricted by donors for specific operating activities, contributions receivable restricted by donors, and held by trustees under the Bond Indenture Agreements for debt service. The internally designated funds remain under the control of the District's Board of Directors, which may at its discretion later use the funds for other purposes.

Patient Accounts Receivable

The District reports patient accounts receivable for services rendered at net realizable amounts from third-party payers, patients and others. The District provides an allowance for uncollectible accounts based upon a review of outstanding receivables, historical collection information and existing economic conditions.

Inventories

Supply inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market. Costs are determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost at the date of acquisition, or acquisition value at the date of donation if acquired by gift. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of each asset. The following estimated useful lives are being used by the District:

Land improvements	7 – 25 years
Buildings	5 – 40 years
Fixed equipment	5 – 20 years
Moveable equipment	3 – 20 years
Employee housing	5 – 25 years

Lease Assets

Lease assets are initially recorded at the initial measurement of the lease liability, plus lease payments made at or before the commencement of the lease term, less any lease incentives received from the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease, plus initial direct costs that are ancillary to place the asset into service. Lease assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Capital and Lease Asset Impairment

The Hospital evaluates capital and lease assets for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate a significant, unexpected decline in the service utility of a capital or lease asset has occurred. If a capital or lease asset is tested for impairment and the magnitude of the decline in service utility is significant and unexpected, accumulated depreciation or accumulated amortization is increased by the amount of the impairment loss. No asset impairment was recognized during the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Subscription Assets

Effective January 1, 2023, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA). Subscription assets are initially recorded at the initial measurement of the subscription liability, plus subscription payments made at or before the commencement of the SBITA term, less any SBITA vendor incentives received from the SBITA vendor at or before the commencement of the SBITA term, plus capitalizable initial implementation costs. Subscription assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the SBITA term or the useful life of the underlying IT asset. This Statement required a retrospective transition method using the facts and circumstances that existed at the beginning of the earliest year presented. The District's SBITA's that were in effect during the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, are immaterial to the financial statements, and as a result, there are no subscription assets or subscription liabilities recorded on the balance sheets.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

The District reports consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period as deferred outflows of resources in a separate section of its balance sheets.

Bond Premium and Loss on Refunding

Bond premiums are being amortized over the life of the related debt using the effective interest method. The unamortized bond premiums are included as an addition to revenue bonds payable and are reflected as both current and long-term in the balance sheets. The losses on refunding are being amortized over the term of the related bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the interest method. The unamortized losses on refunding are included as a deferred outflow of resources in the balance sheets. The amortization of both the bond premiums and the losses on refunding are recorded as a reduction and an addition to interest expense, respectively.

Compensated Absences

District policies permit employees to accumulate vacation and sick leave benefits that may be realized as paid time off (PTO) or, in limited circumstances, as a cash payment. Expense and the related liability are recognized as PTO benefits are earned whether the employee is expected to realize the benefit as time off or in cash. Compensated absence liabilities are computed using the regular pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date plus an additional amount for compensation-related payments such as social security and Medicare taxes computed using rates in effect at that date.

Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss from torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; employee injuries and illnesses; natural disasters; professional liability; and employee health, dental and accident benefits. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased for claims arising from such matters other than employee health claims. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the three preceding years.

The District is self-insured for a portion of its exposure to risk of loss from employee health claims. Annual estimated provisions are accrued for the self-insured portion of employee health claims and include an estimate of the ultimate costs for both reported claims and claims incurred but not yet reported.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The District has a single-employer defined benefit pension plan, the Cash Balance Retirement Plan, (the Plan). For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

The District reports acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period as deferred inflows of resources in a separate section of its balance sheets.

Guarantee

The District has guaranteed the debt of various loan agreements entered into by BOSC. The District is the sole member of MVHCS, and MVHCS holds a 25% equity interest in BOSC. The aggregate amount of the loan agreements is \$14,995,978. The District's share of the guarantee is \$4,998,659. In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, no liability is required to be recorded for this arrangement.

Net Position

Net position of the Hospital is classified in three components on its balance sheets.

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital and lease assets net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, and reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowings and lease liabilities used to finance the purchase, use or construction of those assets.
- Restricted expendable net position is made up of noncapital assets that must be used for a particular purpose, as specified by creditors, grantors or donors external to the Hospital, including amounts deposited with trustees as required by bond indentures, reduced by the outstanding balances of any related borrowings.
- Unrestricted net position is the remaining net position that does not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

Net Patient Service Revenue

The District has agreements with third-party payers that provide for payments to the District at amounts different from its established rates. Net patient service revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payers and others for services rendered and includes estimated retroactive revenue adjustments and bad debts expense. Retroactive adjustments are considered in the recognition of revenue on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered, and such estimated amounts are revised in future periods as adjustments become known.

Charity Care

The District provides care without charge or at amounts less than its established rates to patients meeting certain criteria under its charity care policy. Net patient service revenue is reported net of charity care. Charges excluded from revenue under the District's charity care policy were \$2,033,371 and \$1,429,021 for 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Other Operating Revenues

Other operating revenues are revenues generated from ongoing operations (*i.e.*, exchange transactions) that do not meet the definition of patient service revenues.

Ad Valorem Taxes

The District received approximately 2% and 3% of its sources of funds from ad valorem taxes related to the general operating mill levy in both years ending 2023 and 2022, respectively. These funds were used to support the operating and capital needs of the District. The District received approximately 1% of its sources of funds from ad valorem taxes related to the general obligation bond and interest mill levy in 2023 and 2022.

Taxes are recorded as receivables when levied. Deferred inflows of resources are recorded when the taxes are levied and recognized as tax revenues in the following fiscal year.

Due to the passing of Colorado Senate Bill 23B-001, the certification of the 2023 tax levy was delayed until January 3, 2024.

Income Taxes

As a political subdivision of the State of Colorado, the District is exempt from income taxes under Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code and a similar provision of state law.

Note 2. Deposits and Investments

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act requires financial institutions to collateralize any uninsured public deposits. Any excess of deposits over the FDIC limit that are not insured are covered by collateral pledged by the financial institution in accordance with the Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act.

At December 31, 2023 and 2022, \$750,000 of the District's bank balances of \$95,626,208 and \$98,178,732 were insured by FDIC coverage, respectively. The remainder of the District's bank balances of \$94,876,208 and \$97,428,732, respectively, were protected by the *Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act* noted above.

Investments

The District may legally invest in direct obligations guaranteed as to principal by the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies. It may also invest fiduciary funds in other investments. At December 31, 2023 and 2022, investments, not including fiduciary fund assets, amounted to \$2,320,155 and \$2,229,953, respectively. Investments under bond agreements, with the exception of those included in deposits, were invested in direct obligations of the U.S. Government through pooled investments (*i.e.*, money markets). These investments are carried at amortized cost and have maturities of less than one year.

Summary of Carrying Values

The carrying values of deposits and investments shown above are included in the balance sheets as follows:

	 2023	2022
Carrying value		
Deposits	\$ 88,406,744	\$ 90,142,774
Investments	2,320,155	2,229,953
Fiduciary fund assets	32,029,916	28,934,569
Cash on hand and change funds	 3,254	 3,254
	\$ 122,760,069	\$ 121,310,550
Included in the following balance sheet captions		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 74,658,624	\$ 79,675,894
Restricted by donors for capital acquisitions	13,674,188	10,384,619
Restricted by donors for specific operating activities	77,186	85,515
Held by trustee for debt service	2,320,155	2,229,953
Held by trustee under pension plan agreement (fiduciary fund assets)	 32,029,916	28,934,569
	\$ 122,760,069	\$ 121,310,550

Note 3. Patient Accounts Receivable

The District grants credit without collateral to its patients, most of whom are insured under third-party payer agreements. Patient accounts receivable, net consists of the following at December 31:

	 2023	2022
Medicare	\$ 4,013,369	\$ 5,257,469
Medicaid	341,611	322,592
Blue Cross	3,936,461	3,911,935
Other third-party payers	14,177,530	13,785,710
Self-pay	2,150,401	1,724,602
	 24,619,372	25,002,308
Less allowance for uncollectible accounts	 1,519,048	 1,176,325
	\$ 23,100,324	\$ 23,825,983

Note 4. Leases Receivable

The Hospital leases a portion of its space to various third parties, the terms of which expire on February 28, 2032. Payments increase annually based upon the Consumer Price Index (Index). The leases were measured based upon the Index at lease commencement.

Revenue recognized under lease contracts during the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, were \$461,561 and \$457,525, respectively, which includes both lease revenue and interest.

Note 5. Capital and Lease Assets

Capital assets activity for the years ended December 31 was:

	2023								
	Beginning							Ending	
		Balance		Additions		Disposals	Transfers		Balance
Land	\$	267,057	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	267,057
Land improvements		27,671,864		_		-	-		27,671,864
Buildings		79,831,028		191,938		-	11,820		80,034,786
Fixed equipment		75,953,991		114,157		-	-		76,068,148
Moveable equipment		52,444,568		6,948,818		(1,345,146)	3,611,731		61,659,971
Employee housing		13,727,215		311,272		-	221,555		14,260,042
Construction in progress		6,395,646		2,554,877		_	(3,845,106)		5,105,417
		256,291,369		10,121,062		(1,345,146)			265,067,285
Less accumulated depreciation									
Land improvements		13,146,161		1,600,855		-	-		14,747,016
Buildings		35,978,122		3,417,595		-	-		39,395,717
Fixed equipment		36,720,104		4,829,784		-	-		41,549,888
Moveable equipment		33,107,348		7,790,444		(1,331,789)	-		39,566,003
Employee housing		7,873,303		453,365					8,326,668
		126,825,038	,	18,092,043		(1,331,789)			143,585,292
Capital assets, net	\$	129,466,331	\$	(7,970,981)	\$	(13,357)	\$ -	\$	121,481,993

	2022							
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Ending Balance			
Land	\$ 267,057	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 267,057			
Land improvements	27,671,864	-	-	-	27,671,864			
Buildings	79,336,026	324,431	-	170,571	79,831,028			
Fixed equipment	75,089,361	864,630	-	-	75,953,991			
Moveable equipment	36,143,433	9,441,718	(507,401)	7,366,818	52,444,568			
Employee housing	13,663,564	24,870	-	38,781	13,727,215			
Construction in progress	8,733,689	5,238,127		(7,576,170)	6,395,646			
	240,904,994	15,893,776	(507,401)		256,291,369			
Less accumulated depreciation								
Land improvements	11,491,551	1,654,610	-	-	13,146,161			
Buildings	32,493,415	3,484,707	-	-	35,978,122			
Fixed equipment	31,893,156	4,826,948	-	-	36,720,104			
Moveable equipment	30,447,473	3,166,413	(506,538)	-	33,107,348			
Employee housing	7,438,585	434,718			7,873,303			
	113,764,180	13,567,396	(506,538)		126,825,038			
Capital assets, net	\$ 127,140,814	\$ 2,326,380	\$ (863)	\$ -	\$ 129,466,331			

Lease assets activity for the years ended December 31 was:

	2023						
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Ending Balance		
Buildings Moveable equipment	\$ 5,185,879 2,070,608	\$ 554,715 -	\$ - (668,421)	\$ -	\$ 5,740,594 1,402,187		
	7,256,487	554,715	(668,421)		7,142,781		
Less accumulated amortization							
Buildings	1,738,382	895,512	-	-	2,633,894		
Moveable equipment	998,977	264,792	(668,421)	-	595,348		
	2,737,359	1,160,304	(668,421)	-	3,229,242		
Lease assets, net	\$ 4,519,128	\$ (605,589)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,913,539		

			2022	
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals Transfers	Ending Balance
Buildings Moveable equipment	\$ 5,051,744 1,577,902	\$ 134,135 532,204	\$ - \$ (39,498)	- \$ 5,185,879 - 2,070,608
	6,629,646	666,339	(39,498)	- 7,256,487
Less accumulated amortization Buildings	867,073	871,309	_	- 1,738,382
Moveable equipment	757,618	280,857	(39,498)	- 998,977
	1,624,691	1,152,166	(39,498)	- 2,737,359
Lease assets, net	\$ 5,004,955	\$ (485,827)	\$ - \$	- \$ 4,519,128

Note 6. Taxes, Spending and Debt Limitations

Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20 (TABOR), which has several limitations including revenue raising, spending abilities and other specific requirements of state and local governments.

At an election on November 2, 2010, the voters approved a TABOR question (Ballot Issue 5A), which permanently waived the limits of TABOR and the Annual Levy Law for the District.

Note 7. Long-term Obligations

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions for the District for the years ended December 31:

			2023		
	Beginning Balance Additions		Deductions	Ending Balance	Current Portion
Long-term debt					
Bonds payable					
2012 revenue bonds	\$ 9,655,000	\$ -	\$ (75,000)	\$ 9,580,000	\$ 70,000
2016 refunding revenue					
note	4,025,000	-	(970,000)	3,055,000	1,000,000
2020 general obligation	40 705 000		(0.075.000)	47.000.000	0.400.000
refunding bonds	19,735,000	-	(2,075,000)	17,660,000	2,180,000
Unamortized premium on Series 2012 bonds	337.806		(41,937)	295,869	41,708
Unamortized premium	337,000	-	(41,937)	293,009	41,700
on Series 2020 bonds	3,972,728	_	(836,643)	3,136,085	748,676
Financed capital purchases	5,219,175	1,925,500	(2,089,259)	5,055,416	2,084,643
	-,,,	1,122,100	(=,===,===)		_,,,,,,,,
Total long-term debt	42,944,709	1,925,500	(6,087,839)	38,782,370	6,125,027
Other long-term liabilities					
Contributions payable	70,000	-	(70,000)	_	_
Lease liabilities	4,880,103	554,715	(1,100,651)	4,334,167	1,156,893
Total other long-term					
liabilities	4,950,103	554,715	(1,170,651)	4,334,167	1,156,893
Total long-term					
obligations	\$ 47,894,812	\$ 2,480,215	\$ (7,258,490)	\$ 43,116,537	\$ 7,281,920

	2022							
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance	Current Portion			
Long-term debt								
Bonds payable								
2012 revenue bonds 2016 refunding revenue	\$ 9,725,000	\$ -	\$ (70,000)	\$ 9,655,000	\$ 75,000			
note 2020 general obligation	4,980,000	-	(955,000)	4,025,000	970,000			
refunding bonds Unamortized premium	21,715,000	-	(1,980,000)	19,735,000	2,075,000			
on Series 2012 bonds Unamortized premium	379,950	-	(42,144)	337,806	41,938			
on Series 2020 bonds	4,893,311	_	(920,583)	3,972,728	836,643			
Financed capital purchases	4,901,343	2,000,409	(1,682,577)	5,219,175	1,979,301			
Total long-term debt	46,594,604	2,000,409	(5,650,304)	42,944,709	5,977,882			
Other long-term liabilities								
Contributions payable	70,000	-	-	70,000	-			
Lease liabilities	5,311,320	666,339	(1,097,556)	4,880,103	964,655			
Total other long-term								
liabilities	5,381,320	666,339	(1,097,556)	4,950,103	964,655			
Total long-term								
obligations	\$ 51,975,924	\$ 2,666,748	\$ (6,747,860)	\$ 47,894,812	\$ 6,942,537			

Revenue Bonds - Series 2012

Hospital Refunding Revenue Bonds – Series 2012 (Series 2012 bonds) payable in increasing varying annual installments through April 15, 2033, bearing interest rates of 2.125% to 3.75% payable semiannually. The Series 2012 bonds are issued pursuant to and are secured by the Bond Resolution. The bonds are limited obligations payable solely from the net revenues derived from operations of the District.

Upon issuance and delivery of the Series 2012 bonds, the District defeased its outstanding Series 2003 bonds. Proceeds from the bonds were used to pay the principal, interest and redemption premiums on the defeased bonds on September 4, 2012. This advance refunding transaction resulted in an extinguishment of debt since the District was legally released from its obligation on the Series 2003 bonds at the time of defeasance. There are no Series 2003 bonds outstanding which have not been called as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

The advance refunding of the Series 2003 bonds resulted in an overall future economic benefit for the District. However, an accounting loss of \$194,770 on the extinguishment of the long-term debt was recorded in 2012. This loss on refunding is shown as a deferred outflow of resources in the balance sheets and is being amortized using the straight-line method over the life of the Series 2012 bonds.

Refunding Revenue Note - Series 2016

Refunding Revenue Note – Series 2016 (Series 2016 notes) payable in increasing varying annual installments through October 15, 2026, bearing interest rate of 2.210% payable semiannually. The Series 2016 note is issued pursuant to and is secured by the Bond Resolution. The note is a limited obligation payable solely from the net revenues derived from operations of the District.

Upon issuance and delivery of the Series 2016 note, the District defeased its outstanding Series 2007 bonds. Proceeds from the bonds were used to pay the principal, interest and redemption premiums on the defeased bonds on August 8, 2016. This advance refunding transaction resulted in an extinguishment of debt since the District was legally released from its obligation on the Series 2007 bonds at the time of defeasance. There are no Series 2007 bonds outstanding which have not been called as of December 31, 2023.

The advance refunding of the Series 2007 bonds resulted in an overall future economic benefit for the District. However, an accounting loss of \$507,685 on the extinguishment of the long-term debt was recorded in 2016. This loss on refunding is shown as a deferred outflow of resources in the balance sheets and is being amortized using the straight-line method over the life of the Series 2016 note.

General Obligation Refunding Bonds – Series 2020

The District issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2020 (Series 2020 bonds), for the purpose of refunding the Series 2010 bonds and to pay the costs of issuance of the 2020 bonds. The 2020 bonds are payable in increasing varying annual installments through December 1, 2030, bearing an interest rate of 5% payable semiannually. The Series 2020 bonds are general obligations of the District payable from revenues derived from the voter-approved ad valorem tax appropriations.

The advance refunding of the Series 2010 bonds resulted in an overall future economic benefit of approximately \$4,800,000 for the District. However, an accounting loss of \$260,867 on the extinguishment of the long-term debt was recorded in 2020. This loss on refunding is shown as a deferred outflow of resources in the balance sheets and is being amortized using the straight-line method over the life of the Series 2020 bonds.

Financed Capital Purchases

Financed capital purchases are in the form of notes payable to bank and/or vendor, with varying maturity dates through 2030. Principal and interest is payable monthly. Interest rates range from 2.10% to 4.50%. The notes are secured by certain capital assets.

Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements on long-term debt and financed capital purchases as of December 31, 2023, are as follows:

Year Ending		ral Obligation and ue Bonds Payable			Financed Cap	ital Pui	al Purchases		
December 31,	_	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2024	\$	3,250,000	\$	1,427,554	\$	2,084,643	\$	113,736	
2025		3,380,000		1,293,916		620,419		58,490	
2026		3,515,000		1,154,234		642,016		28,436	
2027		3,660,000		1,007,500		664,460		22,518	
2028		3,840,000		824,500		714,754		16,475	
2029-2033		12,650,000		1,511,000		329,124		14,350	
	\$	30,295,000	\$	7,218,704	\$	5,055,416	\$	254,005	

Lease Liabilities

The District leases buildings and equipment, the terms of which expire in various years through 2029. Payments are based on the lease agreements in each specific lease.

The following is a schedule by year of payments under the leases as of December 31, 2023:

Year Ending December 31	T	otal to Be Paid	Principal	Interest		
2024	\$	1,323,449	\$ 1,156,893	\$	166,556	
2025		1,260,421	1,143,554		116,867	
2026		867,564	794,307		73,257	
2027		626,465	581,569		44,896	
2028		488,957	469,043		19,914	
Thereafter		193,436	 188,801		4,635	
	\$	4,760,292	\$ 4,334,167	\$	426,125	

Note 8. Professional Liability Claims

The District purchases professional liability insurance under a claims-made policy on a fixed premium basis. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require a health care provider to accrue the expense of its share of professional liability claim costs, if any, for any reported and unreported incidents of potential improper professional service occurring during the year by estimating the probable ultimate costs of the incidents. Based upon the District's claims experience, an accrual of \$100,000 has been recorded as of December 31, 2023 and 2022. It is reasonably possible that this estimate could change materially in the near term. The District is subject to the provisions of the *Colorado Government Immunity Act* which provides a limitation on the liability of the District.

Note 9. Employee Health Claims

The District partially self-insures the cost of employee health care benefits as it purchases annual stop-loss insurance coverage for all claims in excess of \$200,000 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, per individual participant and aggregate stop-loss at predetermined amounts annually. Other accrued liabilities on the balance sheet include an accrual for claims which have been incurred but not reported. Claims liabilities are re-evaluated periodically to take into consideration recently settled claims, frequency of claims and other economic and social factors.

Activity in the District's accrued employee health claims liability during 2023 and 2022 is summarized as follows:

	 2023		2022
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 833,362	\$	770,118
Current year claims incurred and changes in estimates for claims incurred in prior years Claims and expenses paid	9,071,467 (8,431,598)		5,732,354 (5,669,110)
Balance, end of year	\$ 1,473,231	\$	833,362

Note 10. Net Patient Service Revenue

The District has agreements with third-party payers that provide for payments to the District at amounts different from its established rates. These payment arrangements include:

Medicare. The District is licensed as a CAH. Under this reimbursement system, inpatient acute care and swing-bed services rendered to Medicare program beneficiaries are paid under cost reimbursement methodologies. Outpatient services related to Medicare beneficiaries are paid based on a combination of fee schedules and cost reimbursement methodologies. The District is reimbursed for certain services at tentative rates with final settlement determined after submission of an annual cost report by the District and audit thereof by the Medicare administrative contractor.

Medicaid. Inpatient and outpatient services rendered to Medicaid program beneficiaries are reimbursed under a cost reimbursement methodology for certain services and at prospectively determined rates for all other services. The District is reimbursed for cost-reimbursable items at tentative rates with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the District and audits thereof by the Medicaid administrative contractor.

Other. The District has also entered into payment agreements with certain commercial insurance carriers, health maintenance organizations and preferred provider organizations. The basis for payment to the District under these agreements is primarily discounts from established charges.

Approximately 40% and 33% of net patient service revenue is from participation in the Medicare and state-sponsored Medicaid programs for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Laws and regulations governing the Medicare and Medicaid programs are complex and subject to interpretation and change. As a result, it is reasonably possible that recorded estimates will change materially in the near term.

Note 11. Charity Care

The costs of charity care provided under the District's charity care policy were approximately \$1,332,000 and \$786,000 for 2023 and 2022, respectively. The cost of charity care is estimated by applying the ratio of cost to gross charges from the 2023 and 2022 interim Medicare cost reports, respectively, to the gross uncompensated charges.

Note 12. Fiduciary Funds

Investments

Fiduciary fund assets included in the Cash Balance Retirement Plan (the Plan) of \$32,029,916 and \$28,934,569 at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, are invested in PSAs and are reported at estimated fair value using NAV per share of the PSAs as the practical expedient of fair value. PSAs can be redeemed on a daily basis. Securities traded on a national international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Real estate assets are reported at estimated fair value utilizing an income approach to valuation. None of the funds are subject to concentration of credit risk, custodial credit risk or foreign currency risk.

Note 13. Pension Plans

Defined Contribution Plan

The District provides a 401(a) governmental money purchase pension plan covering substantially all employees who are scheduled to work more than 20 hours per week or 5 months per year. Contribution expense is recorded for the amount of the District's required contributions, determined in accordance with the terms of the 401(a) plan. The 401(a) plan is administered by the District's governing body. The 401(a) plan provides retirement and death benefits to 401(a) plan members and their beneficiaries. Benefit and contribution provisions are contained in the 401(a) plan document and were established and can be amended by action of the District's governing body. The District does not have the ability to direct the use, exchange, or employment of the 401(a) plan assets. The service capacity of the 401(a) plan assets are owned by the individual participants. The District's contribution for each eligible employee is calculated as of the contribution date and is equal to 50% of the employee's elective deferral contributions. The District's contributions, for purposes of all employees, excluding the Chief Executive Officer, does not exceed 2.5% of their annual compensation; 5% for purposes of the Chief Executive Officer. Contribution expense to the 401(a) plan was \$842,112 and \$739,411 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The District does not control the plan assets.

Deferred Compensation Plan

The District provides a 457(b) plan to substantially all employees of the District. The employees may contribute up to 100% of their salary to the 457(b) plan. The employees' total salary deferral is limited by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) annually. Employees are always 100% vested in the contributions they choose to defer. If an employee is 50 years old or older and has met the annual IRS deferral limit, the employee may contribute a catchup deferral that is also limited by the IRS annually. The District does not have the ability to direct the use, exchange, or employment of the 457(b) plan assets. The service capacity of the 457(b) plan assets are owned by the individual participants. Contributions from employees to the 457(b) plan were \$3,397,000 and \$3,380,612 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The District does not make contributions to the 457(b) plan. The District does not control the plan assets.

Note 14. Defined Benefit Plan

Plan Description

Plan administration. The District administers the Plan providing retirement benefits to full-time and half-time employees and their beneficiaries. This Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan wherein a separate cash balance account is established for each employee upon becoming a member of the Plan.

Management of the Plan consists of the Retirement Committee, which consists of such number of individuals as appointed by the Board of Directors or Chief Executive Officer of the Hospital, but in no case is less than three.

Plan membership. Pension plan membership consisted of the following, which includes employees covered by the benefit terms, at December 31:

	2023	2022
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	24	20
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	307	285
Active plan members	354_	354
	685	659

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides retirement benefits. Normal retirement benefits are attained at age 65, with a monthly annuity payable for life equal to the actuarial equivalent of the projected cash balance account projected with interest to the normal retirement date assuming that the interest credit rate in effect for future years will be the rate in effect on the date of determination. Plan members are allowed to obtain early retirement benefit after six years of vesting services. The benefit for early retirement is equal to the actuarial equivalent of the participant's accrued benefit on his early retirement age. Death benefits are payable as a monthly annuity to the spouse, deferred to participant's earliest retirement date if later than date of death in the amount of the present value of the participant's accrued benefit payable in the normal form. A single lump sum may be elected at any time in lieu of the life annuity.

Contributions

An employee's benefit under the Plan, subject to certain limitations, is based on the amounts contributed to the employee's separate account and an annual minimum guaranteed investment rate of return. All investment risks of the Plan are borne by the District. The District makes annual contributions equal to 7.5% of earned salaries for employees who have earned 1,000 qualifying hours during the plan year. Employees vest in District contributions on a graded scale after the employee is credited with a second year of service. Contributions are intended to provide not only for benefits attributed to service to date, but also for those expected to be earned in the future. The contribution requirements of the plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District. Plan participants are not permitted to contribute to the Plan.

Contributions to the Plan for years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, were \$2,081,124 and \$584,991, respectively.

Pension Reporting

GASB 67 sets forth the requirements for governmental pension plan financial statement reporting, including pension plan financial statements included as a pension trust fund of a government. Accordingly, GASB 67 applies to the District's reporting of its statements of fiduciary net position, statements of changes in fiduciary net position, certain notes to the financial statements, and certain required supplementary information (RSI). GASB 68, adopted in 2015, sets forth the pension reporting requirements for the District in its balance sheets, statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, statements of cash flows, certain notes to the financial statements and certain RSI. Because different measurement dates are used for GASB 67 and GASB 68 (GASB 68 is one year earlier than GASB 67), GASB 68 disclosures will correspond to the District's basic financial statements, except for the fiduciary fund statements reported under GASB 67.

GASB STATEMENT NO. 67 (GASB 67)

Investments

Investment policy. The Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the District Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The Plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans. It also allows the use of derivatives.

Principal Financial Advisors, Inc., a registered investment advisor and wholly-owned subsidiary of Principal Financial Group, has been hired to manage the asset allocation for the Plan. The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of December 31:

Asset Class	2023 Target Allocation	2022 Target Allocation
U.S. equity - Large cap	32%	31%
U.S. equity - Mid cap	4%	4%
U.S. equity - Small cap	2%	2%
Non-U.S. equity	16%	16%
Real estate (direct property)	7%	8%
Core bond	36%	36%
High yield	3%	3%
Total	100%	100%

Concentrations. The following are investments (other than those issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government), in any one organization, that represent five percent or more of the Plan's fiduciary net position at December 31:

	2023		2022	
Principal Financial Group	\$	32,029,916	\$ 28,934,569	

Separate accounts held at the Principal Financial Group are commingled pools, rather than individual securities. As a result, these accounts are not rated.

Rate of return. The money-weighted rate of return is calculated as a rate of return on the plan investments incorporating the timing and amount of cash flows, net of investment expense. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return on plan investments was 13.22% and (14.40%), respectively.

Net Pension Liability of the District

The components of the net pension liability of the District were as follows at December 31:

	 2023	 2022
Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 33,924,792 (32,029,916)	\$ 32,235,852 (28,934,569)
District's net pension liability	\$ 1,894,876	\$ 3,301,283
Plan fiduciary net position as percentage of the total pension liability	94.41%	89.76%

Actuarial assumptions. The 2023 total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022, rolled forward to December 31, 2023, and the 2022 total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, rolled forward to December 31, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, respectively:

	2023	2022	
Long-term inflation, wage base, and compensation limit	2.40%	2.40%	
Salary increases	Table S-5 from Actuary's Pension Handbook plus 1.00%		
Investment rate of return	6.00%	6.00%	

Mortality rates for the year ended 2023 were based on the Pri-2012 Total Dataset Base Rate Mortality table projected generationally using MP-2021.

Mortality rates for the year ended 2022 were based on the Pri-2012 Total Dataset Base Rate Mortality table projected generationally using MP-2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by using the actual weighted average asset allocation for the four quarterly dates from March 31, 2023 to December 31, 2023. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Plan's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table as of December 31:

Asset Class	2023 Long-term Expected Rate of Return	2022 Long-term Expected Rate of Return	
U.S. equity - Large cap	7.80%	7.70%	
U.S. equity - Mid cap	8.35%	8.00%	
U.S. equity - Small cap	8.70%	8.55%	
Non-U.S. equity	8.00%	8.00%	
Real estate (direct property)	0.00%	5.35%	
U.S. Private Real Estate	6.85%	0.00%	
Core bond	6.30%	4.20%	
High yield	4.40%	6.10%	

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability at December 31, 2023 and 2022, was 6.00%. The Plan's fiduciary net position and benefit payments were projected to determine the discount rate. Projected fiduciary net position includes expected employer contributions, projected benefit and administrative payments and expected investment return. Projected benefit payments are based on plan provisions and participant data as of the measurement date and include the effects of automatic cost-of-living adjustments, projected salary changes and projected service credits. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (5.00%) or 1% higher (7.00%) than the current rate as of:

		December 31, 2023						
				Current				
	1% Decrease (5.00%)		Discount Rate (6.00%)		1% Increase (7.00%)			
District's net pension liability	\$	4,123,698	\$	1,894,876	\$	(39,031)		

GASB STATEMENT NO. 68 (GASB 68)

Net Pension (Asset) Liability of the District

Actuarial assumptions. The net pension (asset) liability reported as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, was measured as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, using the total pension (asset)liability that was determined by actuarial valuations as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, rolled forward to December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, using the following actuarial assumptions:

	2023	2022	
Long-term inflation, wage base, and compensation limit	2.40%	2.25%	
Salary increases	Table S-5 from Actuary's Pension Handbook plus 1.00%		
Investment rate of return	6.00%	5.20%	

Mortality rates for the year ended 2022 were based on the Pri-2012 Total Dataset Base Rate Mortality table projected generationally using MP-2021.

Mortality rates for the year ended 2021 were based on the Pri-2012 Total Dataset Base Rate Mortality table projected generationally using MP-2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by using the actual weighted average asset allocation for the four quarterly dates from March 31, 2022 to December 31, 2022. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Plan's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table as of December 31, 2022:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Rate of Return
U.S. equity - Large cap	31%	7.70%
U.S. equity - Mid cap	4%	8.00%
U.S. equity - Small cap	2%	8.55%
Non-U.S. equity	16%	8.00%
Real estate (direct property)	8%	5.35%
Core bond	36%	4.20%
High yield	3%	6.10%
	100%	

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension (asset) liability at December 31, 2023 and 2022, was 6.00% and 5.20%, respectively. The Plan's fiduciary net position and benefit payments were projected to determine the discount rate. Projected fiduciary net position includes expected employer contributions, projected benefit and administrative payments, and expected investment return. Projected benefit payments are based on plan provisions and participant data as of the measurement date and include the effects of automatic cost-of-living adjustments, projected salary changes and projected service credits. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension (Asset) Liability

			Dece	ember 31, 2023			
			ncrea	ses (Decreases			
	To	otal Pension Liability	Fi	duciary Net Position	N	et Pension (Asset) Liability	
Balances, beginning of year	\$	31,829,379	\$	36,358,448	\$	(4,529,069)	
Changes for the year						(1,0=0,000)	
Service cost		1,494,143		_		1,494,143	
Interest		1,652,754		-		1,652,754	
Benefit payments		(2,813,438)		(2,813,438)		-	
Differences between expected and		,		,			
actual experience		(119,555)		-		(119,555)	
Changes in assumptions		192,569		-		192,569	
Changes in benefit terms		-		-		-	
Employer contributions		-		584,991		(584,991)	
Net investment income		-		(5,062,861)		5,062,861	
Administrative expenses				(132,571)		132,571	
Net changes		406,473		(7,423,879)		7,830,352	
Balances, end of year	\$	32,235,852	\$	28,934,569	\$	3,301,283	
	December 31, 2022						
		I		ses (Decreases	5)		
				•		et Pension	
	To	otal Pension Liability	Fi	duciary Net Position		(Asset) Liability	
		Liability		FOSITION		Liability	
Balances, beginning of year Changes for the year	\$	31,564,778	\$	33,707,880	\$	(2,143,102)	
Service cost		1,557,931		_		1,557,931	
Interest		1,660,033		_		1,660,033	
Benefit payments		(2,676,860)		(2,676,860)		-	
Differences between expected and		(, , , ,		(, , , ,			
actual experience		(282,912)		-		(282,912)	
Changes in assumptions		6,409		-		6,409	
Changes in benefit terms		-		-		-	
Employer contributions		-		1,354,525		(1,354,525)	
Net investment income		-		4,105,624		(4,105,624)	
Administrative expenses				(132,721)		132,721	
Net changes		264,601		2,650,568		(2,385,967)	
Balances, end of year	\$	31,829,379	\$	36,358,448	\$	(4,529,069)	

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (5.00%) or 1% higher (7.00%) than the current rate as of:

		December 31, 2023								
				Current						
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase					
		(5.00%)		(6.00%)		(7.00%)				
District's net pension liability	\$	5,349,245	\$	3,301,283	\$	1,514,580				

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,875,815 and \$282,755, respectively. At December 31, 2023 and 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	December 31, 2023				
	(Deferred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net differences between projected and actual earnings	\$	7,575 142,899	\$	242,780 58,119	
on pension plan investments District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		5,514,410 2,081,124		2,733,163	
Total	\$	7,746,008	\$	3,034,062	
		Decembe	r 31, 20)22	
	(Deferred Outflows Resources		Deferred Inflows Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$	40,844 4,900	\$	299,464 109,438	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		632,237 584,991		4,177,785 -	
Total	\$	1,262,972	\$	4,586,687	

At December 31, 2023, the District reported \$2,081,124 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability at December 31, 2024.

Aspen Valley Hospital District Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023 and 2022

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31:	
2024	\$ (180,588)
2025	517,400
2026	915,406
2027	1,378,604
	\$ 2,630,822

Payable to the Pension Plan

At December 31, 2023 and 2022, there are no reported payables for the outstanding amount of contributions to the Plan required for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Note 15. Contingencies

Professional Liability Claims

Estimates related to the accrual for professional liability claims are described in Notes 1 and 8.

Employee Health Claims

Estimates related to the accrual for employee health claims are described in *Notes 1* and 9.

General Litigation

In the normal course of business, the District is, from time to time, subject to allegations that may or do result in litigation. Some of these allegations are in areas not covered by the District's self-insurance program (discussed elsewhere in these notes) or by commercial insurance; for example, allegations regarding employment practices or performance of contracts. The District evaluates such allegations by conducting investigations to determine the validity of each potential claim. Based upon the advice of legal counsel, management records an estimate of the amount of ultimate expected loss, if any, for each. Events could occur that would cause the estimate of ultimate loss to differ materially in the near term.

Note 16. Condensed Combining Information

The following tables include condensed combining balance sheet information for the District and its component units as of December 31, 2023 and 2022:

		2023									
		Blended Component Units									
	Aspen Valley Hospital		spen Valley Hospital District inics, PLLC		/lid-Valley Imaging enter, LLC		spen Valley Hospital Joundation		Eliminations		Total
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources Current assets Noncurrent cash and	\$ 139,056,762	\$	6,024,872	\$	562,077	\$	1,062,793	\$	(36,605,407)	\$	110,101,097
investments Capital assets, net Lease assets, net Other assets	12,135,258 120,906,245 2,700,728 3,983,409		1,099,855 -		575,748 112,956		9,095,428 - - -		- - - (515,109)		21,230,686 121,481,993 3,913,539 3,468,300
Total assets	278,782,402		7,124,727		1,250,781		10,158,221		(37,120,516)		260,195,615
Deferred outflows of resources	8,010,435		-		-		-				8,010,435
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 286,792,837	\$	7,124,727	\$	1,250,781	\$	10,158,221	\$	(37,120,516)	\$	268,206,050
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position Current liabilities Long-term debt Long-term liabilities	\$ 26,405,535 32,657,343 5,394,564	\$	36,210,524 - 1,043,543	\$	695,222 - 40,450	\$	-	\$	(36,605,407)	\$	26,705,874 32,657,343 6,478,557
Total liabilities	64,457,442		37,254,067		735,672		-		(36,605,407)		65,841,774
Deferred inflows of resources	4,358,487		-		-		-				4,358,487
Net position	217,976,908		(30,129,340)		515,109		10,158,221		(515,109)		198,005,789
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 286,792,837	\$	7,124,727	\$	1,250,781	\$	10,158,221	\$	(37,120,516)	\$	268,206,050

	2022										
				I	Blended Con	npon	ent Units				
	Aspen Valley Hospital		spen Valley Hospital District inics, PLLC		/lid-Valley Imaging enter, LLC		spen Valley Hospital Joundation	E	Eliminations		Total
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources Current assets Noncurrent cash and	\$ 144,324,100	\$	3,065,392	\$	558,185	\$	713,946	\$	(30,225,942)	\$	118,435,681
investments Capital assets, net Lease assets, net Other assets	9,032,695 128,520,092 3,055,620 9,819,596		41,832 1,333,609		904,407 129,899		7,645,541 - - -		- - - (323,247)		16,678,236 129,466,331 4,519,128 9,496,349
Total assets	294,752,103		4,440,833		1,592,491		8,359,487		(30,549,189)		278,595,725
Deferred outflows of resources	1,610,670		-		-		-		-		1,610,670
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 296,362,773	\$	4,440,833	\$	1,592,491	\$	8,359,487	\$	(30,549,189)	\$	280,206,395
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position Current liabilities Long-term debt	\$ 25,662,439 36,966,827	\$	29,294,309	\$	1,187,013 -	\$	- -	\$	(30,225,942)	\$	25,917,819 36,966,827
Long-term liabilities	2,656,197		1,247,020		82,231		-		-		3,985,448
Total liabilities	65,285,463		30,541,329		1,269,244		-	_	(30,225,942)		66,870,094
Deferred inflows of resources	14,873,334		_		_		-				14,873,334
Net position	216,203,976		(26,100,496)		323,247		8,359,487	_	(323,247)		198,462,967
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 296,362,773	\$	4,440,833	\$	1,592,491	\$	8,359,487	\$	(30,549,189)	\$	280,206,395

Aspen Valley Hospital District Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023 and 2022

Net position, end of year

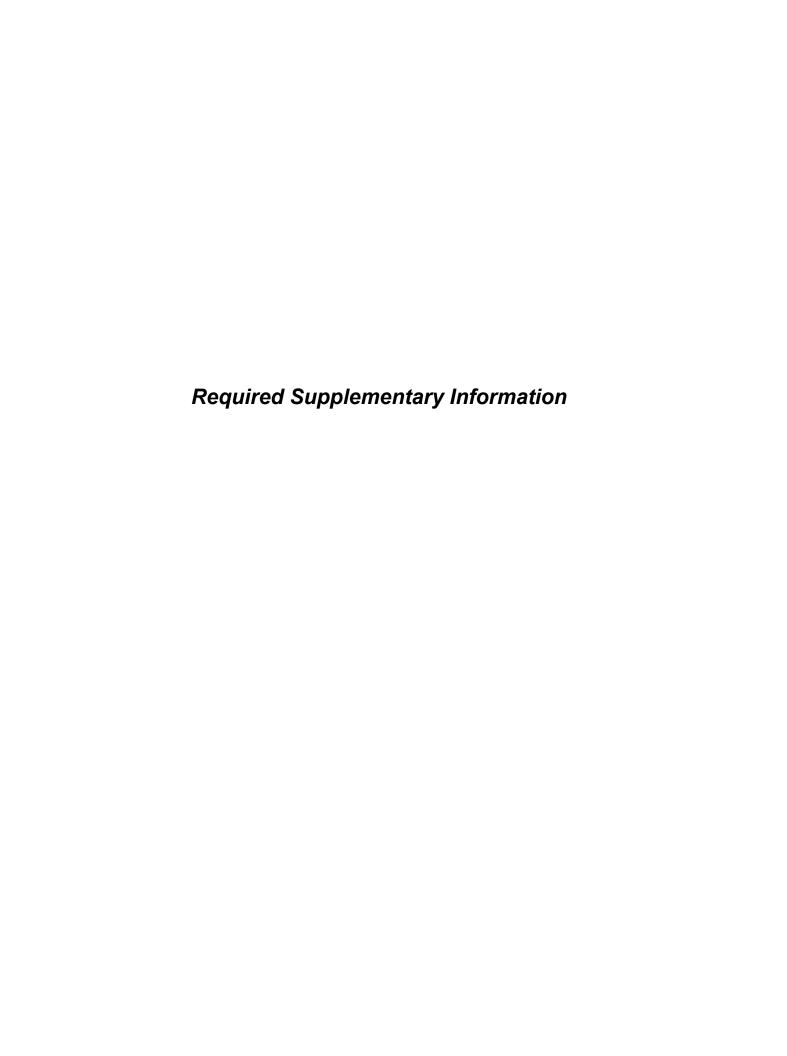
The following tables include condensed combining statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position information for the District and its component units for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022:

		2023									
			Blended Con	nponent Units							
	Aspen Valley Hospital	Aspen Valley Hospital District Clinics, PLLC	Mid-Valley Imaging Center, LLC	Aspen Valley Hospital Foundation	Eliminations	Total					
Operating revenues Operating expenses	\$ 137,739,053 144,430,075	\$ 3,451,135 7,413,057	\$ 1,537 506,634	\$ - 1,798,777	\$ (433,356) (433,356)	\$ 140,758,369 153,715,187					
Operating loss Nonoperating revenues	(6,691,022) 5,314,725	(3,961,922) (66,922)	(505,097) 696,959	(1,798,777) 4,216,919	(191,862)	(12,956,818) 9,969,819					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses Other	(1,376,297) 3,149,229	(4,028,844)	191,862 	2,418,142 (619,408)	(191,862)	(2,986,999) 2,529,821					
Change in net position	1,772,932	(4,028,844)	191,862	1,798,734	(191,862)	(457,178)					
Net position, beginning of year	216,203,976	(26,100,496)	323,247	8,359,487	(323,247)	198,462,967					
Net position, end of year	\$ 217,976,908	\$ (30,129,340)	\$ 515,109	\$ 10,158,221	\$ (515,109)	\$ 198,005,789					
			20)22							
			Blended Con	ponent Units							
	Aspen Valley Hospital	Aspen Valley Hospital District Clinics, PLLC	Mid-Valley Imaging Center, LLC	Aspen Valley Hospital Foundation	Eliminations	Total					
Operating revenues Operating expenses	\$ 132,717,322 120,571,057	\$ 2,924,356 7,314,141	\$ 14,495 299,329	\$ - 1,507,664	\$ (402,909) (402,909)	\$ 135,253,264 129,289,282					
Operating income (loss) Nonoperating revenues	12,146,265 2,501,417	(4,389,785) (55,576)	(284,834) (1,635)	(1,507,664) 7,372,654	- 286,469	5,963,982 10,103,329					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses Other	14,647,682 2,924,326	(4,445,361)	(286,469)	5,864,990 (273,638)	286,469	16,067,311 2,650,688					
Change in net position	17,572,008	(4,445,361)	(286,469)	5,591,352	286,469	18,717,999					
Net position, beginning of year	198,631,968	(21,655,135)	609,716	2,768,135	(609,716)	179,744,968					

\$ 216.203.976 \$ (26.100.496) \$ 323.247 \$ 8.359.487 \$ (323.247) \$ 198.462.967

The following tables include condensed combining statements of cash flows information for the District and its component units for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022:

					20	23			
				Blende	ed Con	npon	ent Units		
	Aspen Valley Hospital	,	Aspen Valley Hospital District Clinics, PLLC	Mid-Va Imagii Center,	ng		spen Valley Hospital oundation	Eliminations	Total
Net cash provided by (used in): Operating activities Noncapital financing	\$ (1,580,52	1) \$	2,981,686	\$ (65	0,432)	\$	11,953	\$ -	\$ 762,686
activities	5,018,38	0	-		-		2,318,246	-	7,336,626
Capital and related financing activities Investing activities	(12,614,05 4,166,12		(270,399)		7,033) 2,211		1,348,813 (3,030,806)	<u>-</u>	(11,582,672) 1,837,532
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(5,010,06	7)	2,711,287		4,746		648,206	-	(1,645,828)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	84,959,69	5	2,611,091	54	8,606		4,256,589		92,375,981
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 79.949.62	8 \$	5.322.378	\$ 55	3.352	\$	4.904.795	\$ -	\$ 90.730.153
		_		Blende	ed Con	npon	ent Units		
	Aspen Valley Hospital	,	Aspen Valley Hospital District Clinics, PLLC	Mid-Va Imagii Center,	ng		spen Valley Hospital oundation	Eliminations	Total
Net cash provided by (used in): Operating activities	\$ 3,088,65	5 \$	S (871,121)	\$ 94	8,287	\$	(31,588)	\$ -	\$ 3,134,233
Noncapital financing activities	5,322,97	4	20,350		-		2,569,322	-	7,912,646
Capital and related financing activities Investing activities	(16,983,91 10,582,16		(255,843)	(94	4,324) -		1,935,250 (2,912,097)	<u>-</u>	(16,248,834) 7,670,066
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	2,009,87	5	(1,106,614)		3,963		1,560,887	-	2,468,111
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	82,949,82	0	3,717,705	54	4,643		2,695,702		 89,907,870
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	_\$ 84,959,69	5 \$	S 2,611,091_	\$ 54	8,606	\$	4,256,589	\$ -	\$ 92,375,981



Aspen Valley Hospital District Schedule of Changes in the District's Net Pension (Asset) Liability and Related Ratios Cash Balance Retirement Plan GASB Statement No. 67 Years Ended December 31

	2023	2022	2021
Total pension liability			
Service cost	\$ 1,395,348	\$ 1,494,143	\$ 1,557,931
Interest	1,959,453	1,652,754	1,660,033
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	110,732	(119,555)	(282,912)
Changes in assumptions	-	192,569	6,409
Changes in benefit terms	855,504	(0.040.400)	(0.070.000)
Benefit payments	(2,632,097)	(2,813,438)	(2,676,860)
Net change in total pension liability	1,688,940	406,473	264,601
Total pension liability - beginning	32,235,852	31,829,379	31,564,778
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 33,924,792	\$ 32,235,852	\$ 31,829,379
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	\$ 2,081,124	\$ 584,991	\$ 1,354,525
Contributions - other	-	-	-
Net investment income (expense)	3,776,935	(5,062,861)	4,105,624
Benefit payments	(2,632,097)	(2,813,438)	(2,676,860)
Administrative expense	(130,615)	(132,571)	(132,721)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	3,095,347	(7,423,879)	2,650,568
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	28,934,569	36,358,448	33,707,880
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 32,029,916	\$ 28,934,569	\$ 36,358,448
District's net pension (asset) liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 1,894,876	\$ 3,301,283	\$ (4,529,069)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage			
of the total pension liability	94.41%	89.76%	114.23%
Covered payroll	\$ 33,861,347	\$ 31,812,683	\$ 30,885,159
District's net pension (asset) liability as a percentage of covered payroll	5.60%	10.38%	-14.66%
Long-term inflation, wage base, and			
compensation limit	2.40%	2.40%	2.25%

Notes to Schedule:

The covered payroll shown in this statement is the reported payroll for the measurement period.

Aspen Valley Hospital District Schedule of Changes in the District's Net Pension (Asset) Liability and Related Ratios Cash Balance Retirement Plan (Continued) GASB Statement No. 67 Years Ended December 31

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
\$ 1,422,852 1,843,314	\$ 1,433,736 1,757,931	\$ 1,338,539 1,638,650	\$ 1,117,611 1,834,455	\$ 1,020,686 1,695,279	\$ 962,923 1,590,521	\$ 1,013,451 1,416,739
27,000 (204,973)	(300,418) (9,268)	294,722 1,639 29,611	(434,374) (272,791)	314,061 (22,423) (9,803)	50,485 (10,786)	576,188 379,430
(1,764,387)	(1,086,492)	(1,356,934)	(1,281,502)	(1,421,746)	(836,696)	(711,956)
1,323,806	1,795,489	1,946,227	963,399	1,576,054	1,756,447	2,673,852
30,240,972	28,445,483	26,499,256	25,535,857	23,959,803	22,203,356	19,529,504
\$ 31,564,778	\$ 30,240,972	\$ 28,445,483	\$ 26,499,256	\$ 25,535,857	\$ 23,959,803	\$ 22,203,356
\$ 1,651,833	\$ 2,148,306	\$ 1,952,317	\$ 1,827,477	\$ 1,555,740	\$ 1,365,917	\$ 1,158,533
3,509,826 (1,764,387)	4,681,502 (1,086,492)	(1,572,858) (1,356,934)	3,271,296 (1,281,502)	8,354 1,329,355 (1,421,746)	- (156,525) (836,696)	1,014,456 (711,956)
(132,056)	(132,111)	(132,271)	(134,831)	(68,397)	(6,220)	(2,130)
3,265,216	5,611,205	(1,109,746)	3,682,440	1,403,306	366,476	1,458,903
30,442,664	24,831,459	25,941,205	22,258,765	20,855,459	20,488,983	19,030,080
\$ 33,707,880	\$ 30,442,664	\$ 24,831,459	\$ 25,941,205	\$ 22,258,765	\$ 20,855,459	\$ 20,488,983
\$ (2,143,102)	\$ (201,692)	\$ 3,614,024	\$ 558,051	\$ 3,277,092	\$ 3,104,344	\$ 1,714,373
106.79%	100.67%	87.29%	97.89%	87.17%	87.04%	92.28%
\$ 35,094,297	\$ 33,492,762	\$ 33,387,929	\$ 30,308,890	\$ 26,159,424	\$ 23,424,173	\$ 20,859,646
-6.11%	-0.60%	10.82%	1.84%	12.53%	13.25%	8.22%
2.25%	2.25%	2.00%	2.00%	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%

Aspen Valley Hospital District Schedule of the District's Contributions Cash Balance Retirement Plan GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68 Years Ended December 31

	2023		 2022	 2021		2020
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$	2,081,122	\$ -	\$ 1,354,525	\$	1,651,833
determined contribution		2,081,124	 584,991	 1,354,525	_	1,651,833
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(2)	\$ (584,991)	\$ 	\$	
Covered payroll	\$	33,861,347	\$ 31,812,683	\$ 30,885,159	\$	35,094,297
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		6.15%	1.84%	4.39%		4.71%
Long-term inflation		2.40%	2.40%	2.25%		2.25%
Investment rate of return		6.00%	6.00%	5.20%		5.20%
Mortality scale		MP-2021	MP-2021	MP-2021		MP-2020

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll

Remaining amortization period 10 years

Asset valuation method

Salary increases

Retirement age

Market value of assets, as of the measurement date

Table S-5 from Actuary Pension Handbook plus 1%

Active and inactive participants are assumed to retire

at Normal Retirement Age as defined in Plan Provisions.

Mortality Pri-2012 Total dataset base rate mortality table

Aspen Valley Hospital District Schedule of the District's Contributions Cash Balance Retirement Plan (Continued) GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68 Years Ended December 31

2019	2018	2017		2016			2015	 2014
\$ 2,148,306	\$ 1,766,329	\$	1,878,025	\$	1,586,110	\$	1,260,846	\$ 1,158,533
2,148,306	1,952,317		1,827,477		1,555,740		1,365,917	1,158,533
\$ 	\$ (185,988)	\$	50,548	\$	30,370	\$	(105,071)	\$
\$ 33,492,762	\$ 33,387,929	\$	30,308,890	\$	26,159,424	\$	23,424,173	\$ 20,859,646
6.41%	5.85%		6.03%		5.95%	5.95%		5.55%
2.25%	2.25%		2.00%		2.00%		2.25%	2.25%
6.00%	6.00%		6.00%		7.00% 7		7.00%	7.00%
MP-2019	MP-2018		MP-2017		MP-2016		MP-2015	MP-2014

Aspen Valley Hospital District Schedule of Investment Returns Cash Balance Retirement Plan GASB Statement No. 67 Years Ended December 31

	2023	2022	2021	2020
Annual money-weighted rate of return,				
net of investment expense	13.22%	-14.40%	12.38%	11.51%

Aspen Valley Hospital District Schedule of Investment Returns Cash Balance Retirement Plan (Continued) GASB Statement No. 67 Years Ended December 31

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
18.49%	-5.94%	14.45%	6.41%	-1.54%	5.34%

Aspen Valley Hospital District Schedule of Changes in the District's Net Pension (Asset) Liability and Related Ratios Cash Balance Retirement Plan GASB Statement No. 68 Years Ended December 31

	2023	2022	2021	2020
Total pension liability				
Service cost	\$ 1,494,143	\$ 1,557,931	\$ 1,422,852	\$ 1,433,736
Interest	1,652,754	1,660,033	1,843,314	1,757,931
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	(119,555)	(282,912)	27,000	(300,418)
Changes of assumptions	192,569	6,409	(204,973)	(9,268)
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-
Benefit payments	 (2,813,438)	 (2,676,860)	 (1,764,387)	 (1,086,492)
Net change in total pension liability	406,473	264,601	1,323,806	1,795,489
Total pension liability - beginning	 31,829,379	31,564,778	 30,240,972	 28,445,483
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 32,235,852	\$ 31,829,379	\$ 31,564,778	\$ 30,240,972
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions - employer	\$ 584,991	\$ 1,354,525	\$ 1,651,833	\$ 2,148,306
Contributions - other	-	-	-	-
Net investment income	(5,062,861)	4,105,624	3,509,826	4,681,502
Benefit payments	(2,813,438)	(2,676,860)	(1,764,387)	(1,086,492)
Administrative expense	(132,571)	 (132,721)	 (132,056)	 (132,111)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(7,423,879)	2,650,568	3,265,216	5,611,205
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 36,358,448	33,707,880	30,442,664	 24,831,459
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 28,934,569	\$ 36,358,448	\$ 33,707,880	\$ 30,442,664
District's net pension (asset) liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 3,301,283	\$ (4,529,069)	\$ (2,143,102)	\$ (201,692)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	89.76%	114.23%	106.79%	100.67%
Covered payroll	\$ 31,812,683	\$ 30,885,159	\$ 35,094,297	\$ 33,492,762
District's net pension (asset) liability as a percentage of covered payroll	10.38%	-14.66%	-6.11%	-0.60%
Long-term inflation, wage base, and compensation limit	2.40%	2.40%	2.25%	2.25%

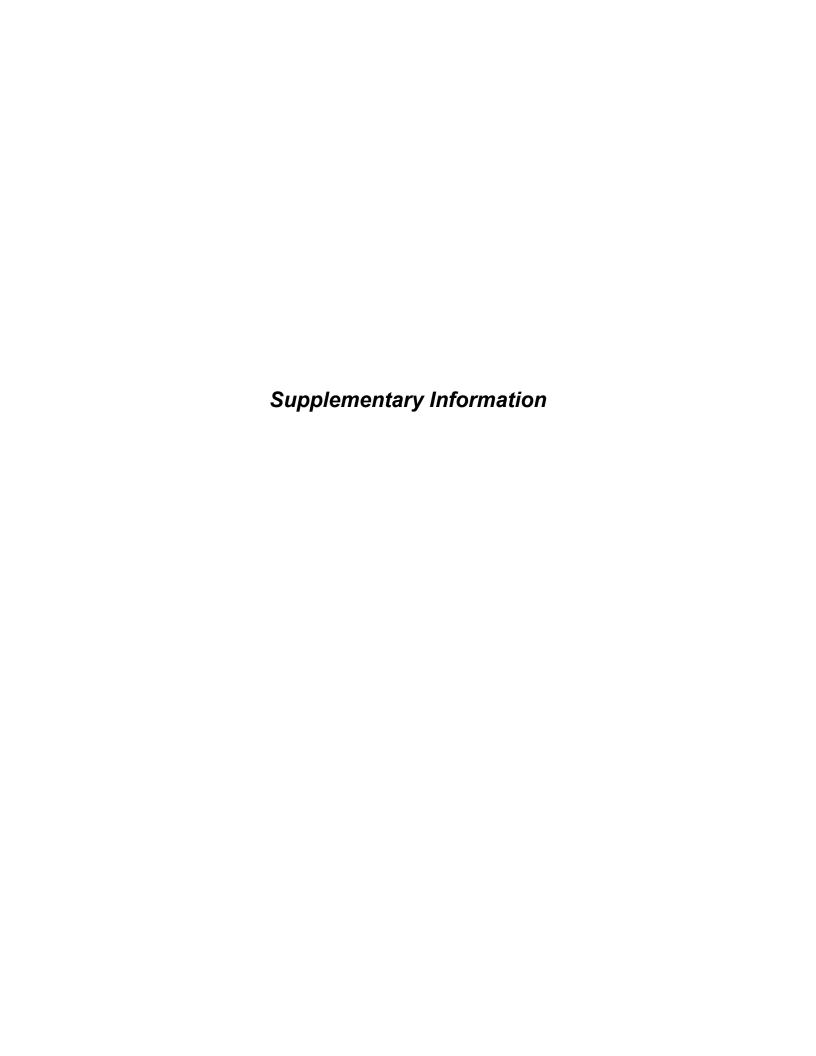
Notes to Schedule:

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, as amended by GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented during 2015 and therefore only 2015 through 2023 are the years in which information is available. This schedule will include ten-year trend information once available.

The covered payroll shown in this statement is the reported payroll for the measurement period.

Aspen Valley Hospital District Schedule of Changes in the District's Net Pension (Asset) Liability and Related Ratios Cash Balance Retirement Plan (Continued) GASB Statement No. 68 Years Ended December 31

2019		2018	2017			2016	2015			
\$	1,338,539 1,638,650	\$ 1,117,611 1,834,455	\$	1,020,686 1,695,279	\$	962,923 1,590,521	\$	1,013,451 1,416,739		
	294,722 1,639 29,611	(434,374) (272,791)		314,061 (22,423) (9,803)		50,485 (10,786)		576,188 379,430		
	(1,356,934)	 (1,281,502)		(1,421,746)		(836,696)	_	(711,956)		
	1,946,227	963,399		1,576,054		1,756,447		2,673,852		
	26,499,256	 25,535,857		23,959,803		22,203,356		19,529,504		
\$	28,445,483	\$ 26,499,256	\$	25,535,857	\$	23,959,803	\$	22,203,356		
\$	1,952,317 - (1,572,858) (1,356,934)	\$ 1,827,477 - 3,271,296 (1,281,502)	\$	1,555,740 8,354 1,329,355 (1,421,746)	\$	1,365,917 - (156,525) (836,696)	\$	1,158,533 - 1,014,456 (711,956)		
	(132,271)	(134,831)		(68,397)		(6,220)		(2,130)		
	(1,109,746)	3,682,440		1,403,306		366,476		1,458,903		
	25,941,205	 22,258,765		20,855,459	_	20,488,983	_	19,030,080		
\$	24,831,459	\$ 25,941,205	\$	22,258,765	\$	20,855,459	\$	20,488,983		
\$	3,614,024	\$ 558,051	\$	3,277,092	\$	3,104,344	\$	1,714,373		
	87.29%	97.89%		87.17%		87.04%		92.28%		
\$	33,387,929	\$ 30,308,890	\$	26,159,424	\$	23,424,173	\$	20,859,646		
	10.82%	1.84%		12.53%		13.25%		8.22%		
	2.25%	2.00%		2.00%		2.25%		2.25%		



	Budgeted Amount Original	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable) Variance
Operating Revenues Net patient service revenue	\$102,512,244	\$135,334,967	\$ 32,822,723
Other	5,888,002	5,855,221	(32,781)
Total operating revenues	108,400,246	141,190,188	32,789,942
Operating Expenses	133,920,696	151,843,132	(17,922,436)
Operating Loss	(25,520,450)	(10,652,944)	14,867,506
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			
Ad valorem taxes	8,103,875	8,430,792	326,917
Investment income	217,425	2,369,109	2,151,684
Interest expense	(893,217)	(1,086,161)	(192,944)
Community assistance programs	(569,412)	(455,496)	113,916
Noncapital contributions	24,167	47,350	23,183
Change in equity interest in joint venture	150,000	(1,802,399)	(1,952,399)
Change in equity interest in MIC	· <u>-</u>	(510,349)	(510,349)
Gain on sale of capital assets	<u>-</u>	35,207	35,207
Forgiveness of related party debt		(1,780,250)	(1,780,250)
Total nonoperating revenues	7,032,838	5,247,803	(1,785,035)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenses Before Capital Contributions, Capital			
Contributions and Transfers	(18,487,612)	(5,405,141)	13,082,471
Transfers from related party	2,800,000	3,149,229	349,229
Change in Net Position	\$ (15,687,612)	\$ (2,255,912)	\$ 13,431,700

Notes to Schedule:

Annual budgets are adopted as required by Colorado statutes. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year. Budgets are adopted on a basis that is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Budgeted Amount Original and Actual columns only include the financial information for the Hospital and ACMC and does not include the MIC or Foundation.

Budgets are adopted by resolution in total. There were no supplemental budgets adopted during 2023.

Aspen Valley Hospital District Combining Schedule – Balance Sheet Information December 31, 2023

Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources

			Blended Component Units									
	_ A	Aspen Valley Hospital		Aspen Valley Hospital District Clinics, PLLC		Mid-Valley Imaging Center, LLC		Aspen Valley Hospital Foundation		Eliminations		Total
Current Assets							_					
Cash and cash equivalents Patient accounts receivable, net of allowance; 2022 - \$1,176,325,	\$	67,814,370	\$	5,322,378	\$	553,352	\$	968,524	\$	-	\$	74,658,624
2021 - \$970,380 Estimated amounts due from		22,394,320		702,279		3,725		-		-		23,100,324
third-party payers Due from related party		4,332,156 36,605,407		-		-		-		(36,605,407)		4,332,156
Other receivables		2,223,191		_		5,000		94,269		(30,003,407)		2,322,460
Leases receivable		365,631		-		3,000		94,209		-		365,631
				-		-		-		-		
Inventories		3,499,530		045		-		-		-		3,499,530
Prepaid expenses		1,822,157		215		-						1,822,372
Total current assets		139,056,762		6,024,872		562,077		1,062,793		(36,605,407)		110,101,097
Noncurrent Cash and Investments Restricted by donors for capital acquisitions		9,764,219		_		_		3,909,969		_		13,674,188
Restricted by donors for												
specific operating activities Contributions receivable, net		50,884 -		-		-		26,302 5,159,157		-		77,186 5,159,157
Held by trustee for debt service		2,320,155		-		-		-				2,320,155
		12,135,258		-		-		9,095,428		-		21,230,686
Capital Assets, Net		120,906,245		-		575,748		_		-		121,481,993
Lease Assets, Net		2,700,728		1,099,855		112,956				-		3,913,539
Other Assets												
Equity interests in joint ventures Equity interest in MIC		1,946,364 515,109		-		-		-		(515,109)		1,946,364
Leases receivable		1,016,405		_		_		_		(0.0,.00)		1.016.405
Other		505,531		-		-				-		505,531
		3,983,409	n	-		-				(515,109)		3,468,300
Total assets		278,782,402		7,124,727		1,250,781	1	0,158,221		(37,120,516)		260,195,615
			-									
Deferred Outflows of Resources Pensions Unamortized loss on refunding's		7,746,008		-		-		-		-		7,746,008
of prior bond issuances		264,427		-		-				-		264,427
	_	8,010,435		-				-		_		8,010,435
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	286,792,837	\$	7,124,727	\$	1,250,781	\$ 1	0,158,221	\$	(37,120,516)	\$	268,206,050

Aspen Valley Hospital District Combining Schedule – Balance Sheet Information (Continued) December 31, 2023

Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position

		Blended Component Units						
	Aspen Valley Hospital	Aspen Valley Hospital District Clinics, PLLC	Mid-Valley Imaging Center, LLC	Aspen Valley Hospital Foundation	Eliminations	Total		
Current Liabilities	•	•						
Current maturities of long- term debt Current portion of lease liabilities Accounts payable Accrued salaries, benefits	\$ 6,125,027 919,441 7,059,109	\$ - 195,671 215	\$ - 41,781 84	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 6,125,027 1,156,893 7,059,408		
and payroll taxes Other accrued liabilities Due to related party Estimated amounts due to	4,336,983 2,803,653	59,211 35,955,427	3,377 649,980	- - -	- (36,605,407)	4,336,983 2,866,241 -		
third-party payers	5,161,322		-			5,161,322		
Total current liabilities	26,405,535	36,210,524	695,222		(36,605,407)	26,705,874		
Long-term Debt Bonds payable Financed capital purchases	29,686,570 2,970,773	- -	- -	- -	<u>-</u>	29,686,570 2,970,773		
	32,657,343		-	_	-	32,657,343		
Long-term Liabilities Lease liabilities Net pension liability	2,093,281 3,301,283	1,043,543	40,450	-	- -	3,177,274 3,301,283		
	5,394,564	1,043,543	40,450			6,478,557		
Total liabilities	64,457,442	37,254,067	735,672		(36,605,407)	65,841,774		
Deferred Inflows of Resources Leases Pensions	1,324,425 3,034,062	-	-	-	- -	1,324,425 3,034,062		
	4,358,487		-			4,358,487		
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted - expendable for	82,076,308	(139,359)	606,473	-	(606,473)	81,936,949		
Debt service	2,320,155 9,764,219	-	-	9,069,126	-	2,320,155		
Capital acquisitions Specific operating activities	50,884	-		26,302	-	18,833,345 77,186		
Unrestricted	123,765,342	(29,989,981)	(91,364)	1,062,793	91,364	94,838,154		
Total net position	217,976,908	(30,129,340)	515,109	10,158,221	(515,109)	198,005,789		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 286.792.837	\$ 7.124.727	\$ 1.250.781	\$ 10.158.221	\$ (37.120.516)	\$ 268.206.050		

Aspen Valley Hospital District Combining Schedule – Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Information Year Ended December 31, 2023

			Blended Con	nponent Units		
	Aspen Valley Hospital	Aspen Valley Hospital District Clinics, PLLC	Mid-Valley Imaging Center, LLC	Aspen Valley Hospital Foundation	Eliminations	Total
Operating Revenues Net patient service revenue Other	\$ 131,896,713 5,842,340	\$ 3,438,254 12,881	\$ 1,537 -	\$ - -	\$ - (433,356)	\$ 135,336,504 5,421,865
Total operating revenues	137,739,053	3,451,135	1,537		(433,356)	140,758,369
Operating Expenses						
Salaries and wages	41,461,719	5,140,997	32,158	785,462	-	47,420,336
Contract labor	13,018,776	148,503	-	45,909	-	13,213,188
Supplies and other	71,318,421	1,847,971	128,874	967,406	(433,356)	73,829,316
Depreciation	17,721,552	41,832	328,659	-		18,092,043
Amortization	909,607	233,754	16,943			1,160,304
Total operating expenses	144,430,075	7,413,057	506,634	1,798,777	(433,356)	153,715,187
Operating Loss	(6,691,022)	(3,961,922)	(505,097)	(1,798,777)		(12,956,818)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)						
Ad valorem taxes	8,430,792	-	-	-	-	8,430,792
Investment income	2,369,109	_	-	118,423	_	2,487,532
Interest expense	(1,019,239)	(66,922)	(5,252)	· -	_	(1,091,413)
Community assistance programs	(455,496)	-	-	_	_	(455,496)
Noncapital contributions	47,350	_	_	2,318,246	_	2,365,596
Change in equity interests in	,			_, ,		_,,
ioint ventures	(1.802.399)	_	_	_	-	(1,802,399)
Change in equity interest in MIC	(510,349)	_	702,211	_	(191,862)	(1,002,000)
Gain on sale of capital assets	35.207	_		_	(101,002)	35,207
Forgiveness of related party debt	(1,780,250)			1,780,250		-
Total nonoperating						
revenues	5,314,725	(66,922)	696,959	4,216,919	(191,862)	9,969,819
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenses Before Capital Contributions, Provision (Credit) for Uncollectible Capital						
Contributions and Transfers Capital contributions Provision (credit) for uncollectible	(1,376,297)	(4,028,844) -	191,862	2,418,142 3,557,407	(191,862) -	(2,986,999) 3,557,407
capital contributions Transfers from (to) related party	3,149,229		<u> </u>	(1,027,586) (3,149,229)		(1,027,586)
Change in Net Position	1,772,932	(4,028,844)	191,862	1,798,734	(191,862)	(457,178)
Net Position, Beginning of Year	216,203,976	(26,100,496)	323,247	8,359,487	(323,247)	198,462,967
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 217.976.908	\$ (30.129.340)	\$ 515.109	\$ 10.158.221	\$ (515.109)	\$ 198.005.789

Aspen Valley Hospital District Combining Schedule – Cash Flows Information Year Ended December 31, 2023

			Blended Cor	nponent Units		
	Aspen Valley Hospital	Aspen Valley Hospital District Clinics, PLLC	Mid-Valley Imaging Center, LLC	Aspen Valley Hospital Foundation	Eliminations	Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities			,			
Receipts from and on behalf of patients Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$ 129,961,463 (86,302,069 (41,158,267) (1,996,474) (5,140,997	(128,874) (32,158)	(785,462)		\$ 133,198,874 (89,440,732) (47,116,884)
Other receipts (payments), net	(4,081,648) 6,884,137	(491,791)	1,810,730		4,121,428
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(1,580,521) 2,981,686	(650,432)	11,953		762,686
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities Ad valorem taxes Community assistance programs Noncapital contributions	5,391,359 (420,329 47,350) -	. <u>.</u>	- 2,318,246		5,391,359 (420,329) 2,365,596
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	5,018,380			2,318,246		7,336,626
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities Ad valorem taxes Purchases of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets Principal payments on long-term debt Interest payments on long-term debt	2,997,459 (8,195,562 48,564 (5,209,259 (1,677,191) - -) -		-	-	2,997,459 (8,195,562) 48,564 (5,209,259) (1,677,191)
Principal payments received on leases receivable Interest payments received on leases receivable Principal paid on leases payable Interest paid on leases payable	414,686 46,875 (855,393 (184,232	-) (203,477		-	-	414,686 46,875 (1,100,651) (256,406)
Capital contributions Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	(12,614,053) (270,399	(47,033)	1,348,813		1,348,813
Cash Flows From Investing Activities Investment income Transfer of equity	2,369,109 3,149,229			118,423 (3,149,229)	-	2,487,532
Purchase of equity interests in joint ventures Advances to and investments in equity	(650,000	-		(3,149,229)	-	(650,000)
investee Net cash provided by	(702,211	<u> </u>	702,211	-		
(used in) investing activities	4,166,127		702,211	(3,030,806)		1,837,532
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(5,010,067) 2,711,287	4,746	648,206	-	(1,645,828)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	84,959,695	2,611,091	548,606	4,256,589		92,375,981
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 79,949,628	\$ 5,322,378	\$ 553,352	\$ 4,904,795	\$ -	\$ 90,730,153

Aspen Valley Hospital District Combining Schedule – Cash Flows Information (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2023

			Blended Component Units									
	Aspen Valley Hospital		Aspen Valley Hospital District Clinics, PLLC		Mid-Valley Imaging Center, LLC		Aspen Valley Hospital Foundation		Eliminations			Total
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash				•		•						
Equivalents to the Balance Sheets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	67,814,370	\$	5,322,378	\$	553,352	\$	968,524	\$	-	\$	74,658,624
Restricted by donors for capital acquisitions		9,764,219		-		-		3,909,969		-		13,674,188
Restricted by donors for specific		50.004						00.000				77.400
operating activities Held by trustee for debt service		50,884 2,320,155		-		-		26,302		-		77,186 2,320,155
Total cash and cash												
equivalents	\$	79.949.628	\$	5.322.378	\$	553.352	\$	4.904.795	\$	<u>-</u> ,	\$	90.730.153
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities												
Operating loss	\$	(6,691,022)	\$	(3,961,922)	\$	(505,097)	\$	(1,798,777)	\$	-	\$	(12,956,818)
Depreciation		17,721,552		41,832		328,659		-		-		18,092,043
Amortization		909,607		233,754		16,943		-		-		1,160,304
Provision for uncollectible accounts Change in operating assets and liabilities		4,880,802		(33,688)		-		-		-		4,847,114
Patient accounts receivable		(3,907,804)		(214,505)		854		_		_		(4,121,455)
Other receivables		(1,322,514)		-		-		30,480		-		(1,292,034)
Inventories		(494,731)		-		-		-		-		(494,731)
Prepaid expenses		(210,440)		- 0.074.050		(404.704)		4 700 050		-		(210,440)
Other assets Accounts payable		(8,178,765) (1,888,929)		6,871,256		(491,791)		1,780,250		-		(19,050) (1,888,929)
Accounts payable Accrued salaries, benefits		(1,000,929)		-		-		-		-		(1,000,929)
and payroll taxes		508,761		-		-		-		_		508,761
Other accrued liabilities		629,228		44,959		-		-		-		674,187
Estimated amounts due from												
and to third-party payers		(2,908,248)		-		-		-		-		(2,908,248)
Deferred inflows of resources - leases Net pension asset/liability		(422,709) (205,309)		-		-		-		-		(422,709) (205,309)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating	-	(,,								_		(,,
activities	\$	(1.580.521)	\$	2.981.686	\$	(650.432)	\$	11.953	\$	<u>.</u>	\$	762.686
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Ac Long-term debt incurred for purchase of												
capital assets	\$	1,925,500	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,925,500
Lease obligation incurred for lease assets	\$	554,715	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	554,715
Amortization of loss on refunding	\$	83,271	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	83,271
Amortization of bond premiums	\$	878,580	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	878,580
Change in equity interests in joint ventures	\$	(1,610,537)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(1,610,537)
Forgiveness of related party debt	\$	(1,780,250)	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,780,250	\$	_	\$	_
g. rondod on rolated party dobt	Ψ	(.,.55,266)	Ψ		•		Ψ	.,. 55,250	*		-	